



Basic Education

9A

Classbook



English

for
Me



2023

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SULTANATE OF OMAN





Basic Education

9A

Classbook

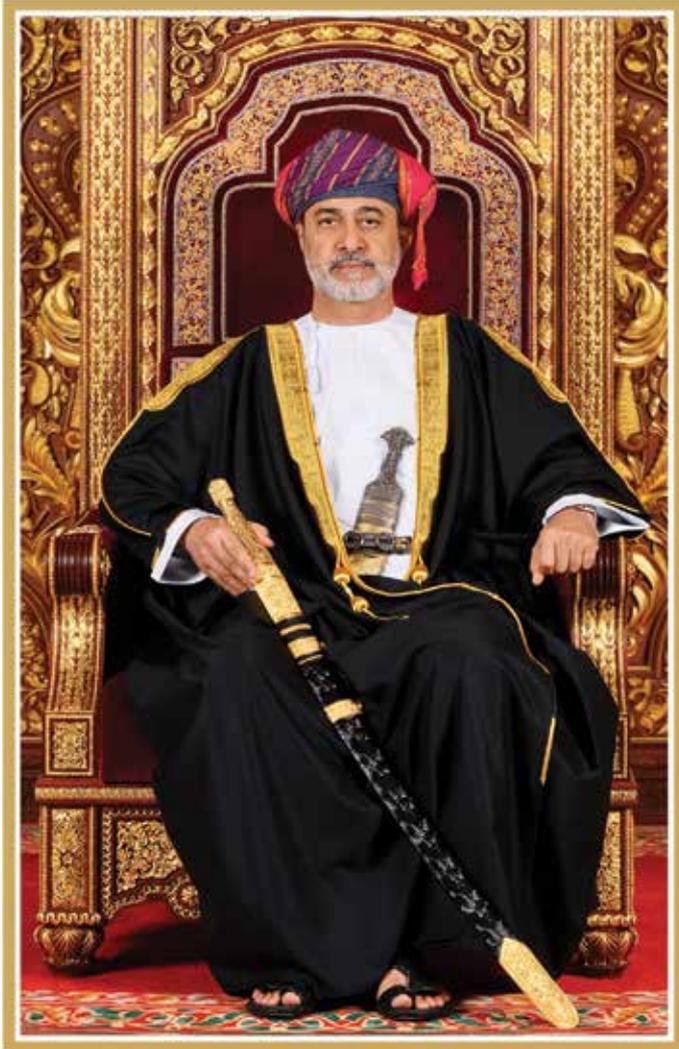
English

for
Me

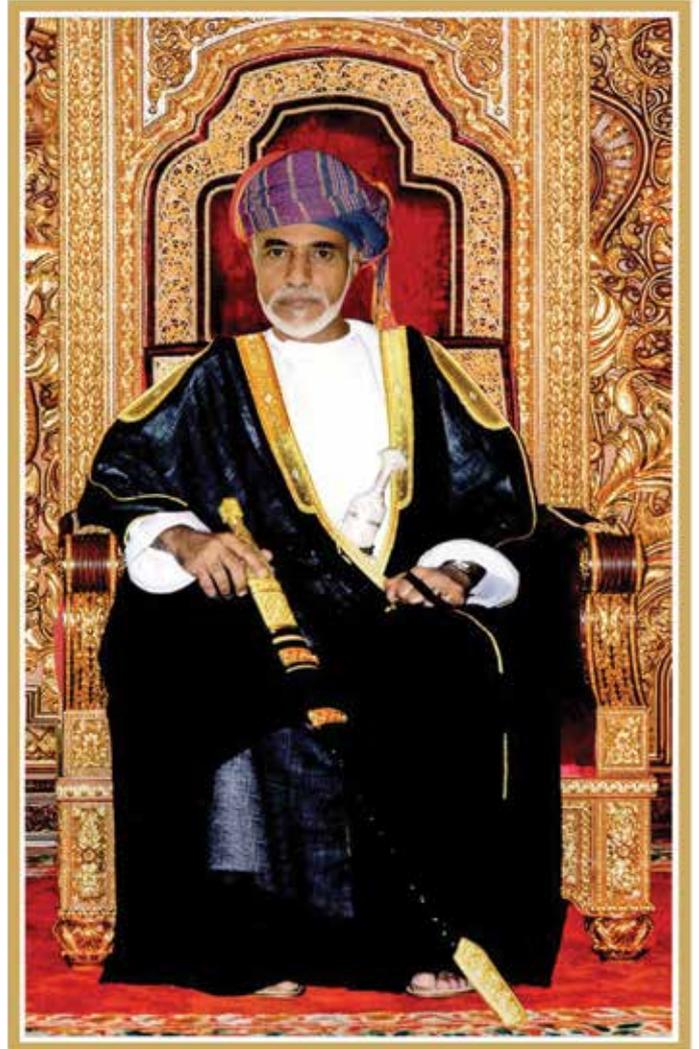
2023

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, SULTANATE OF OMAN





**His Majesty
Sultan Haitham Bin Tarik**



**The Late Sultan,
Qaboos Bin Said**

Welcome!

Dear Students,

Welcome to Grade 9! You will find lots of your favourite features from Grade 8 in your Grade 9 Classbook. The contents map is there to help you find out what topics and activities you are going to do and the skills and language you are going to learn this semester. You will also continue to learn about different people and cultures with the International Teenagers' Club, or ITC.

There are lots of activities to help you with speaking, listening and writing as well as grammar, spelling and sound work. Sometimes you will work on your own and sometimes you will work in groups.

In the Skills Book, you will find that the cut-out and Learning Journal pages, the grammar reference, the phonetic wordlist and the answers to the self-study pages remain at the back of the book. However, you will notice that the grammar reference has got bigger and has new language items. You will also notice that the self-study pages have been moved to the end of each unit to help you find the activities easily, so you can work on your own.

As well as working in your Skills Book, you will need an exercise book and a portfolio. The exercise book is useful for writing notes, drafts of written work, vocabulary and phrases you want to record. You should also keep a portfolio in Grade 9 to show how your work has developed during the semester.

Remember to look after your Classbook for students who will use it again next year. Be careful to keep your Skills Book in a safe place because it will be a useful reference for future work.

We hope that you enjoy learning English this year and use it as much as possible inside and outside the classroom.

Good luck and work hard!



Contents

| | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| What's in 9A? | page i |
| Unit 1 Teen Time | page 1 |
| Unit 2 Writers and Writing | page 11 |
| Unit 3 Money | page 21 |
| Unit 4 Space | page 31 |
| Club Corner | page 41 |



What's

Topic

Language focus

Vocabulary

1

Teen Time

Possessive adjectives
Possessive pronouns
Possessive apostrophes
Conjunctions
Language of opinion
Review of 8A and 8B
Sounds /ɪ/ and /iː/

Activities
Appearance
Personality

2

Writers and Writing

Direct speech
Relative clauses and pronouns
Conjunctions
Similes, alliteration, onomatopoeia
Order of adjectives
Sounds /θ/ and /ð/

Types of story
Types of writing
Speaking

3

Money

Past perfect
Review of past simple and present perfect
Review passives
Review second conditional
Sounds /ɒ/, /æ/ and /e/

Money
Verbs
Adjectives

4

Space

Adverbial clauses of time
Reflexive pronouns
Review comparatives and superlatives
Sounds /s/ and /z/

Space
Large numbers
Measuring

Club Corner

Pronouns
Relative clauses
Adverbial clauses of time
Conjunctions

Adjectives
Space
Money



in 9A?

Main activities

- Do a multiple choice
- Complete a form
- Write sentences about appearances, personality and interests
- Express your opinion
- Read a photo story

Project and portfolio work

- Prepare and give an opinion on a subject
- Write about a person
- Do a survey
- Write about a Top Teen

Learning Journal

- What do you remember about Grade 8?
- Note taking styles
- Teen Test

- Do an information gap
- Describe a picture
- Punctuate sentences
- Read and understand poems
- Write a detailed biography
- Write a story report
- Assess writing

- Write a story
- Write a biography
- Make a poster
- Make up a poem
- Write super sentences

- Writer's toolbox
- What makes a good story

- Complete a form
- Do an interview
- Do a chant
- Do a role play
- Read and write a newspaper report
- Do a quiz
- Write a letter of complaint

- Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of money
- Make a poster
- Write about money

- Words with different meanings
- Word attack!

- Do an information gap
- Use larger numbers
- Write complex sentences
- Do an interview
- Fill in a form
- Complete tables
- Do a jigsaw reading
- Read a longer story

- Design an ITC website about space
- Research and write about planets and solar systems
- Write a story report

- Glossary

- Do a quiz
- Read a graph
- Write a story and a limerick
- Write questions, conduct interviews
- Write an advertisement
- Do a dialogue
- Write formal a formal letter
- Do language puzzles

- Make a poster
- Write a story

- Review the semester
- Complete the Learning Journal



English
for
Me

Unit 1

TEEN TIME

Welcome to Grade 9 **1**. The first unit is all about teenagers or **2**. Teens are young adults aged between **3** and 19. You'll find lots of useful information about teen life, teen interests and what teens **4**. We'll also be learning more **5**, for example, teamwork, opinion, drugs and exams. Then there's more language focus work on **6**, apostrophes and conjunctions. There are also some **7** activities that you may find useful when talking with friends. Oh yes, I nearly forgot: we'll also spend some time **8** work from Grade 8. Enjoy yourselves!



Hi, I'm Zakaria. I'm from Oman and I live in Ibra. I'm 15, but my friend is a bit younger. How old are you?

Hello, I'm Najma and I'm 13. I'm also from Oman, but I live in Sur. Zakaria is my brother's friend from the ITC.

How's it going? I'm Mustafa and I'm from Oman. I live in Sur with my family. My sister's name is Najma and my friend's name is Zakaria. He's a bit older than me. He lives in Ibra with his family. What's your friend's name?



1



2



3

What's up? I'm Susan. I'm from New York. My friend lives in Oman. Her name's Najma and her brother's name is Mustafa. They live in Sur. Where do you live?

We're Salim and Saleem. Our families are from Pakistan but now we live in London. We really enjoy making friends with teenagers from around the world. Have a look at the ITC website - it's a great place to make friends!

Hello, I'm Tom. I'm from Australia and I live in Melbourne. I met my friends Zakaria and Susan on the ITC website. You can find their friends on the ITC website too. Oh yes, I nearly forgot, what's your name?



4



5



6



untidy
unhappy
ugly
tough
tidy
thin
tall
sweet
smart
small

WHO I AM!

1 Read the following text and match the photos with the paragraphs. Write your answers in your exercise book.

Here's my life...

1. I'm Fahad. I am a teenager because I am 15 years old. I was born in Ibri in 1990, but now I live in Nizwa. I am too young to work and am still at school. I hope one day to be a doctor, because I want to help people.
 2. I am 1 metre 60 centimetres tall and quite slim. I have large brown eyes and short black hair. I have to cut my hair often because it grows so fast. My friends say I look very smart and tidy because I try to keep clean. I usually wear a dishdasha, but sometimes I like wearing a colourful T-shirt, blue jeans and a baseball cap.
 3. My friends say I am friendly because I am always smiling and look happy. They also say I'm kind and helpful because I always help them with their homework. My teacher says that I am clever, however I find my studies difficult. I am really trying my best to learn English because it will help me when I start working.
 4. When I'm not studying, I like using the computer and listening to music. I don't like playing football. I am very forgetful and keep losing things. Last week, I borrowed a pen from my friend and lost the lid.
 5. I have a large family – there are nine members. It includes my three brothers, Hamed, Mustafa and Sami, my three sisters, Siham, Fatma and Najma, my father, mother and me. We all live together in our large house except for Hamed who lives in Muscat with his wife and Siham who lives in Sohar with her husband.
- Well, that's me and my life so far. Now tell me about yourself and your life ...



2 Read the following report and answer the focus questions in your exercise book.

What makes people different

By James Hornby

1 What makes people different can be seen in the way people look, what they wear, what they do and the way they behave.



2 It is true that we are all born with some features that make us all the same. However, it is also true that we all look different. Some people have black eyes, some have blue eyes, some

people have long straight blond hair, and others have short black curly hair. Some people are short, some are tall, some are fat and some are thin.

3 Although we are born with these unique differences, some people try to change themselves by altering the length, colour or style of their hair. Some people also try to change their weight by dieting and controlling the food they eat. However, you can make yourself sick by not eating enough food.

4 People can also look different by choosing what to wear. Some people like to look neat



and tidy and wear smart, clean, bright-coloured clothes. Others can look scruffy



learning strategy

writing about a person

When you are going to write about yourself or other people, think about the following when planning:

- Paragraph 1 Introduce the person: their name, their age, where they were born, where they live, what work they do, what they like, what they do not like
- Paragraph 2 What the person looks like, what they like wearing, etc. Are they: neat, tidy, untidy, scruffy, clean, dirty
- Paragraph 3 What is the character or personality of the person? Are they: kind, happy, sad, helpful, unhelpful, clever
- Paragraph 4: What they like doing, what they do not like doing, what are their likes and dislikes
- Paragraph 5: More information about their families, the people they know, and the things they have done.

Remember to use the Writing Route, check your spellings and check your punctuation.



and untidy. However, we have to be careful not just to judge people's **personality** by the way they look.

5 Some people's personalities can be seen in what they do. Some people are full of energy and like being **active** and keeping busy. They may enjoy doing sports and meeting people. However, others are quiet and shy and may enjoy reading, writing or collecting things.



6 Finally, our personalities also show in the way we behave towards others. Being kind and helpful to others is more likely to get you friends than being unkind or angry. So, whoever you are, whatever you think of yourself, whatever you think of other people, remember that your personality says a lot about you!



Focus Questions

List the adjectives in paragraph 2. **1**

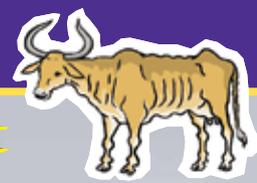
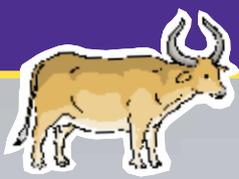
How can people change themselves? **2**

What kind of things might an active person like doing? **3**

How are you more likely to make friends? **4**

Why shouldn't you judge people by the way they look? **5**





The Story of the Prophet Yusuf (Peace Be Upon Him)

1 Read and listen.

Read the story and then listen to different ITC members talking about parts of the story. Decide which paragraph they are talking about and write your answer in your exercise book. You only need to write the number of the paragraph.

1. When the Prophet Yusuf (Peace Be Upon Him) was young, his father loved him very much and spent a lot of time with him. This made his eleven brothers very **jealous**. They felt so angry that they wanted to kill Yusuf (PBUH).
2. One night, Yusuf (PBUH) had a strange **dream**. He dreamed that the sun, the moon and eleven planets were bowing to him. He told his father the story. His father realised that the dream meant something very great for Yusuf (PBUH), but told him not to tell his brothers about it.
3. One day, the brothers asked their father to let Yusuf (PBUH) go and play with them outside their village. The Prophet Yusuf's (PBUH) father was worried and told them that he was afraid that a wolf would eat Yusuf (PBUH). They insisted, so in the end he reluctantly agreed. However, the brothers had evil plans in mind.
4. The Prophet Yusuf's (PBUH) wicked brothers took Yusuf's (PBUH) shirt and threw him into a deep, dry well. They killed a goat and soaked the shirt in its blood. Then they returned home to tell their father that Yusuf (PBUH) had been eaten by a wolf.
5. The following day, a trading caravan was looking for water in the well. They didn't find any water, but they rescued Yusuf (PBUH). They took him to Egypt and sold him as a slave to a nobleman, who was the Aziz of Egypt. The Aziz and his wife looked after the Prophet Yusuf (PBUH) like their own child. However, the Aziz's wife complained that Yusuf (PBUH) was behaving badly towards her. She was telling lies, but the Aziz sent Yusuf (PBUH) to prison.
6. Allah had blessed the Prophet Yusuf (PBUH) with the great gift of being able to tell what dreams meant. While he was in prison, he became very famous for telling people what their dreams meant. Then one day, the King of Egypt sent for the Prophet Yusuf (PBUH) to help explain a dream.
7. In his dream, the King saw seven thin cows eating seven fat cows and seven green **ears** of wheat and seven dry ears of wheat. The Prophet Yusuf (PBUH) told the King that there were going to be seven years with lots of food followed by seven years of **famine**, when there would be no food or water. He advised the King to store as much food as possible in the first seven years so that there would be enough food for the next seven years.
8. The King trusted the Prophet Yusuf (PBUH) and gave him the job of looking after the food stores in Egypt. When the years of famine finally came, there was enough food and water for people to live on. The Prophet Yusuf (PBUH) soon became a very important man in Egypt.
9. During the famine, the Prophet Yusuf's (PBUH) brothers went to collect their family's share of the food in Egypt and saw the man in charge of the food stores. He recognised them but they didn't recognise him, so they were surprised when they found out that this important man was their brother. The brothers asked their father to forgive them.





Just hanging out?

Introduction

Teenagers all over the world like spending time with their friends and finding places where they can meet friends and 'hang out'. This ITC website has collected together some ideas of what different members do at weekends or during their free time or holidays. Take a look and decide what interests you.



From the USA

Hi, I'm Dotty!

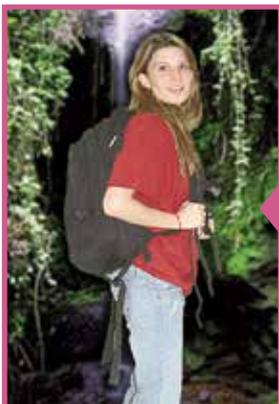
In America, teens like hanging out at fast food restaurants and grabbing a bite to eat, but that can be a bit expensive. Meeting friends at their houses is great – you can listen to music, watch TV, or just chat. Then there are the shopping malls to wander round and look at what's on sale. However, I really enjoy going ice-skating with my friends. It's such a laugh.

From Brunei

Assalaam alaykum! My name is Mohammed Yassir. There are lots of places to go to in Brunei as a teenager. There are cinemas, shopping centres, cafés and bowling alleys, so the chances are that you'll never get bored. However, if you want to get out of town then try Jerudong Park, it's a great place to chill out with your friends. You'll find something to eat at the huge food court. Try the sate, nasi goreng, or tea tarik. When you're full, go to the fun park and have a wild time on the Log Flume or Giant Drop. Yes, there's a lot for teens to do in this small, beautiful South East Asian country.



From the UK



Hello, I'm Sally!

It's OK to start off with, hanging around the shopping centres, fast food restaurants, cinemas and parks with my mates. It's nice to do all those things with your friends. However, I soon got bored and joined a computer club. Then I saw a fantastic website at www.raleigh.org.uk all about Operation Raleigh, which organises lots of expeditions. It's all about making new friends, going to other places and helping others. You have to be 17 years old to apply. I've just applied to go to Borneo to help protect the orang-utans. Yes, check out the web site, don't just hang about, go and do something, go and help others, go and make new friends!

1 Good or bad?

In pairs, choose a picture and tell your partner what you think about it. Give a reason for your opinion by using the conjunction **because**. Look at the example to help you.



I think television is bad because it stops teenagers doing exercise.



television



exams



smoking



diets



body-building



the Internet



medicine



mobile phones

What's your



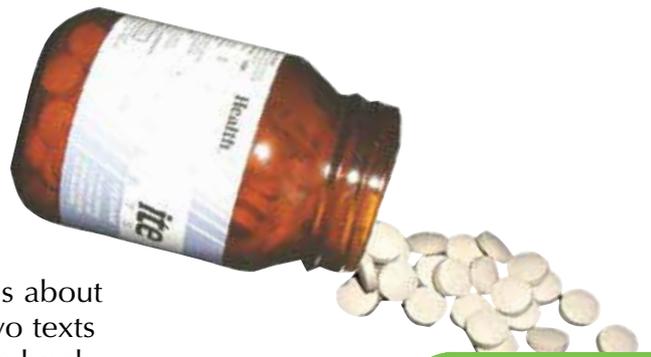
1. The colour of a person's skin is a very sensitive subject in many parts of the world. Where I live in Senegal, Africa, skin-whitening creams are illegal. However, in many countries women and teenagers still use these creams and lotions.
2. In many parts of Africa, skin-whitening cream is very popular with young women because they think fair skin makes them look more attractive. Many of the women they see on television and in magazines have fair skin and they want to look like them.
3. Many skin-whitening creams are very harmful. They contain chemicals such as ammonia and hydrogen peroxide, which bleach the skin. Sometimes these can burn your skin and give you blisters. If you put these creams on and go out in the sun, your skin can get spots.
4. In my opinion, women and teenagers should not use skin-whitening creams because they are dangerous for your skin. In my view, the colour of people's skin is not important. I think that teenagers around the world should stop concentrating on what they look like on the outside. In my view, who you are on the inside and how you behave with other people is more important than what you look like.

Jojo

Source: www.bbc.co.uk 26/11/2004



opinion?



Focus Questions

2 ITC say it loud and clear!

Some members of the ITC have sent in their opinions about topics which they feel strongly about. Look at the two texts and then answer the focus questions in your exercise book.

1. I am writing because I think people must learn more about the dangers of medicines.
2. People who feel stressed, or who have aches and pains, can buy a variety of painkillers at the pharmacy without seeing a doctor. Nowadays, it is easy to feel better. However, these medicines have become more and more powerful lately and contain some strong drugs such as caffeine and codeine.
3. Some painkillers are killers. Aspirin and ibuprofen can destroy the stomach and paracetamol can give you high blood pressure if you use them too often. Some strong painkillers are addictive. In the UK, about 30,000 people are addicted to medicines which can be bought from any pharmacy.
4. In my opinion, people should use fewer painkillers. In my view, massage and resting are good ways to stop headaches. I think if people must buy painkillers, they should only use them for a few days so they don't get addicted to them.

Tracey

Sources: Good Housekeeping magazine, UK, Nov 2002
www.bbc.co.uk 02/12/2004

b

Look at texts **a** and **b** and answer these questions in your exercise book.

Which text should have the title 'Painkiller or Pain Maker'?

1

Which text should have the title 'White isn't Right'?

2

Which paragraphs have the following main ideas?

- The writer's opinion about the topic.
- The reasons people shouldn't do this.
- The topic the author is writing about.
- The reasons people do this.

3

Which paragraphs contain facts?

4

Where did Jojo get her facts?

5

Do you agree with the writers' opinions?

6

3 Read and find the meaning.

Find the following words by scanning texts **a** and **b**. Then, in your exercise book, match them to one of the meanings below.

1. **addicted to** (text **b**)

a. to feel worried and not relaxed

2. **bleach** (text **a**)

b. a substance that reduces pain

3. **blister** (text **a**)

c. to turn whiter

4. **lotion** (text **a**)

d. can't stop taking a drug

5. **painkiller** (text **b**)

e. a liquid cream

6. **stressed** (text **b**)

f. a painful bubble of skin



Top Teen of the Year

1 Nominations.

You have just opened an envelope and found three nomination forms and a memo. Read the memo below and decide what you have to do.

Memo

Date: September 15th, 2005

Subject: Top Teen Award

Dear Sir/Madam,

Please find enclosed the top three nominations for this year's award. We would appreciate your help and assistance in judging the nominations. Please decide which of the three nominations should be given the award. Please send me the name of the winning nomination, along with a list of your reasons, as soon as possible.

The award ceremony and gala evening will be held in The Grand Hall at the Hiltong Hotel on December 1st, as previously discussed.

Yours faithfully,
Doctor B. Fore

a

Nominee's Personal Details

Full name of nominee: David Morgan

Address: 33 Bluebell Street, Bexhill, East Sussex, UK

Telephone: 01409 33825211

Date of birth: 25/10/90

Male/Female:



Why, in your opinion, should the nominee be awarded a Top Teen Award?

I think David should get an award because he saved a boy's life. He was walking home when he heard a boy shouting for help from the roof of a tall building. The boy had hurt his leg and he was losing a lot of blood. David quickly rang the emergency services on 999 and then he climbed up onto the roof. He took off his coat and put it around the boy's leg. He pressed down on the cut to stop the blood flow. Then, David told the boy jokes and stories to keep him calm. David's quick action and brave heart saved the boy's life.

Other information

In my opinion, David was extra brave because he is very frightened of high places. He forgot his own fears because he wanted to help another person.

Signature of the person making this nomination: Arthur Kneegas
Please print name and address: Arthur Kneegas, 45 Brighton Road, Bexhill, UK
Relationship to nominee: Friend

Send the completed form to: Top Teen Award, 110 Bank Street, London, UK
All nomination forms must be submitted before October 25th.



Award

b

2 Agreeing and disagreeing.

In your group, take turns to say why your nominee should get the Top Teen Award. Read and use the following language to help you agree and disagree. Your group must try and agree on one nominee for the award.

Exactly.

I agree.

That's right.

I'm not sure.

I'm sorry, but I don't agree.

No way!

Nominee's Personal Details

Full name of nominee: Jamila Abdul Kareem

Address: Ain Shams, Egypt

Telephone: none

Date of birth: 10/9/89

Male / Female



Why, in your opinion, should the nominee be awarded a Top Teen Award?

In my opinion, my sister is the bravest, most generous person in the world. Three years ago she was hit by a car. Jamila's legs were broken and now she has to use a wheelchair. However, she is cheerful and active. She has started a basketball club for people in wheelchairs and in this way, she supports other people with disabilities because she gives them confidence and helps them to be part of the community. My sister never complains and she is never miserable. I think she is a very unselfish person.

Other information

Last year, Jamila took part in a wheelchair marathon and raised a lot of money for a cancer charity.

Signature of the person making this nomination: *Osama Abdul Kareem*

Please print name and address: Osama Abdul Kareem, address as above

Relationship to nominee: Brother

Send the completed form to: Top Teen Award, 110 Bank Street, London, UK
All nomination forms must be submitted before October 25th.

Nominee's Personal Details

Full name of nominee: Basil Franks

Address: Vestervang 111, Arhus, Denmark

Telephone: 45-97834555

Date of birth: 13/01/86

Male / Female



Why, in your opinion, should the nominee be awarded a Top Teen Award?

In my view, Basil is the greatest footballer in the world. Basil's skill and success has encouraged thousands of girls and boys to play sports and to keep fit and healthy. He does a lot of charity work and he sold his football boots in May to raise money for children with no parents. I think he has helped many thousands of teenagers lead a better life. I think he is a wonderful role-model for teenagers in the world.

Signature of the person making this nomination: *Oswald Gilda*

Please print name and address: Oswald Gilda, Arken 348, Copenhagen, Denmark

Relationship to nominee: Friend

Other information

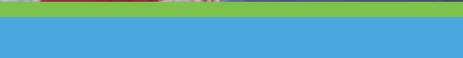
Although Basil is famous, he is a generous, kind and humble person.

Send the completed form to: Top Teen Award, 110 Bank Street, London, UK
All nomination forms must be submitted before October 25th.

Teen Talk

1 First, read the adjectives on the right. Then, read the story and decide what Mark and Andy are like.

helpful careless
sensible careful lazy
bored active stupid



Unit 2



Writers and Writing

Contents Classbook

1. Read [] about famous writers 12–13
2. The Hound of the [] 14
3. Read a [] about an eagle 15
4. Enter a writing [] 16
5. Read about a scary [] 17
6. Remember the [] 18–19

Contents Skills Book

7. Do a [] 14
8. Learn about [] 15
9. Strategies to make sentences [] 16
10. Learn to write direct [] 17
11. Order [] 21
12. Do a Teen [] 23

Famous Writers

Focus Questions

Skim texts a, b and c and discuss the focus questions in your group.

1 Are the texts biographies or autobiographies? Why?

2 Which author wrote in the 20th century?

3 Who wrote *Sense and Sensibility*?

4 Match these main ideas to the paragraphs:

- conclusion
- childhood
- introduction
- adult life and achievements
- how the authors got their ideas

1 Three authors.

Read about a famous writer and answer the questions in the Biographies cut-out page at the back of the Skills Book.

Jane Austen

1. Jane Austen, **who** was a famous English author, wrote books in the early 19th century. She wrote fascinating descriptions **which** were about society and people.
2. Jane Austen, **who** was the youngest of seven children, was born on December 16th, 1775. She was the daughter of a gentleman so she was not allowed to get a job. She stayed at home and wrote plays and books **which** she read to her brothers and sisters.
3. Her first book, **which** was called *Sense and Sensibility*, was published in 1811. It was published anonymously. Two years later, she published *Pride and Prejudice* followed by *Emma* and *Persuasion*, **which** were all published anonymously.
4. Jane made very careful and detailed observations of people and society **which** she used for ideas in her stories. She didn't like to be disturbed when she was writing. She wrote in a small dressing room **that** had a creaking door. The door warned Jane when visitors were approaching so she could hide her writing.
5. Jane Austen lived a very quiet life. She did not marry and she rarely left home. She died on July 18th, 1817. After her death, Austen's brother finally put her name on her books. Many people consider her to be one of the greatest writers of all time.

By O Osbourne

a

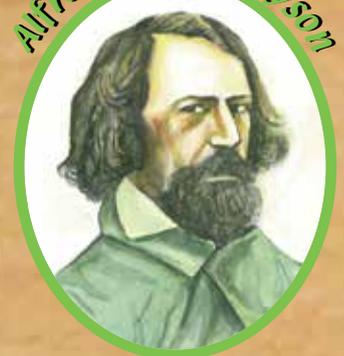
Jane Austen



Taha Hussein



Alfred Lord Tennyson



b

Taha Hussein

1. Taha Hussein is one of the most famous writers in Egypt. He is famous for his writing because it created discussions and new ideas.
2. Taha Hussein was born in Al-Minya province, **which** is in Upper Egypt, on October 28th, 1898. When he was two years old, he had an eye disease **which** made him blind. However, by the age of thirteen, Taha Hussein had memorised the Qur'an, **which** won him a scholarship to university.
3. Taha Hussein was one of the first people to be awarded a PhD at Cairo University. He wrote more than fifty books **which** were translated into several languages. He is best known for *An Egyptian Childhood*, **which** is his autobiography, published in 1932 and *The Stream of Days*, **which** was published in 1943. He was awarded more than 36 Egyptian and foreign awards that included the *Collar of the Nile*.
4. Taha Hussein read books about history, literature and Islam, **which** gave him many ideas for his writing. He read the books in Braille and his wife also read and wrote for him.
5. Dr. Taha Hussein, **who** died on October 28th, 1973, overcame blindness and poverty to become the most famous writer in Egypt.

By Nawal Idris

c

Alfred Lord Tennyson

1. Alfred Lord Tennyson was an English poet **who** was famous for describing the feelings and attitudes of the Victorians.
2. Tennyson, [1], was born on August 5th, 1809. He went to school for just four years [2]. After that, he was taught at home. Tennyson went on to study at Cambridge University where he met Arthur Hallam, **who** became his best friend.
3. In 1833, Hallam, [3], died suddenly. Tennyson was shocked and depressed but his grief produced his best poetry, **which** included *In Memoriam*, *Ulysses* and *Morte d'Arthur*. In 1850, he married Emily Sellwood. One year later, their first child was born dead, [4]. The following year, they had a son, [5]. Queen Victoria, [6], supported Tennyson's writing.
4. Tennyson used his poetry to express his feelings and thoughts. He often wrote about death and he also used myths and legends to give him ideas. Tennyson was very short-sighted [7]. He created a lot of poetry in his head and remembered it by saying it aloud [8].
5. Alfred Lord Tennyson died on October 6th, 1892 and was buried in Westminster Abbey in London. He is recognised as one of the greatest poets of the Victorian age.

By W H Smith

2

Najeeb Mahfouz.

Use these notes to write a biography about Najeeb Mahfouz.

**1911**

- 1911 Born in Gamaliya/ Cairo youngest of 7 children
- started writing 17 years old writes about traditional life in city 19th century British writers/ideas/Charles Dickens ideas: life around him writes about life/people
- 1936 left Cairo University
- After 1936 worked as journalist/Ar-Risala
- 1939 First book – *The Games of Fate*
- 1939–1954 worked for government/Ministry of Islamic Affairs
- 1950s wrote *The Cairo Trilogy* about life of a man and his family/World War One – 1950s
- 1954–1971 director of state cinema organisation
- 1959 published *The Children of Gebelawi*
- 1988 got Nobel Prize/literature /first Arabic writer to win
- 1994 stabbed with kitchen knife
- more than 30 books more than 100 short stories more than 200 articles

NOW

Great Writing

Focus Questions

1 Which text is a story?

2 Who wrote the story?

3 What do you think the story is about?

4 Is it the beginning, middle or end of a story?

1 The Hound of the Baskervilles.

Read and listen to the following scene from a story by Sir Arthur Conan Doyle.

a Holmes dropped down on his knees, put his ear to the ground and said, "I think I can hear him coming."

A sound of quick steps broke the silence of the night. The steps grew louder and through the fog, as through a curtain, appeared the man who we were waiting for.

He came swiftly along the path, passed close to where we were hiding and ran up the hill behind us. As he walked, he glanced continually over his shoulder, like a man who thinks he is being followed.

"Quiet!" whispered Holmes. "Look out! It's coming!"

We glared at the cloud of fog. Suddenly, a dreadful shape jumped out from the shadows of the fog. It was an enormous hound. Its eyes shone red and its muzzle glowed like flickering flames in a fire.

Far away on the path, we saw Sir Henry looking back; his face was white in the moonlight and his hands were raised in horror. He glared helplessly at the frightful hound which was hunting him down.

As we flew up the track, we heard scream after scream from Sir Henry and the deep roar of the hound. I arrived to see the hound attack Sir Henry and push him to the ground. But in the next second Holmes had fired his gun into the creature's body. With a last howl, it rolled on its back and then fell dead on its side.



"Good grief, Watson!" exclaimed Holmes. "What was it?"

We looked at the terrible creature which was lying stretched before us. It was as large as a small lioness. Even now in the stillness of death, the huge jaws seemed to be dripping with a blue flame and the small, cruel eyes looked as though they were ringed with fire. I put my hand on the glowing muzzle and when I held them up my own fingers were shining in the darkness.

"Phosphorus," I said.

"Yes, Watson. Someone has used a clever mixture of paint and phosphorus," replied Holmes, examining the dead animal. "We apologise, Sir Henry, for giving you this fright. I was prepared for a hound but not a creature like this."

"Holmes," murmured Sir Henry, "You have saved my life."

"I'm sorry I put you in danger," replied Holmes. "Are you strong enough to stand?"



2 Dictionary.

Read the poems and use the dictionary definitions below to help you find the meaning of words you don't know. Decide which poem you like the most and think about what you like about it.

- azure** /'æzjʊə/ *adj* having a bright blue colour
- crag** /kræg/ *n [C]* a rock which is high and rough
- crawl** /krɔ:l/ *v* to move along on hands and knees
- crooked** /'krʊkɪd/ *adj* bent, not in a straight line
- growl** /graʊl/ *v* to make a long, deep angry sound
- lark** /lɑ:k/ *n [C]* a small brown singing bird
- snail** /sneɪl/ *n [C]* a small, soft creature that moves slowly and has a shell
- thunder** /'θʌndə/ *n [U]* a loud noise which you hear in a storm
- thunderbolt** /'θʌndəbɔ:lt/ *n [C]* a flash of lightning
- toad** /təʊd/ *n [C]* an animal like a frog which lives mostly on land
- wrinkled** /'rɪŋkəld/ *adj* skin or cloth which has small lines or folds in it

b

The Eagle

He clasps the crag with crooked hands;
Close to the sun in lonely lands,
Ringed with the azure world, he stands.

The wrinkled sea beneath him crawls;
He watches from his mountain

Alfred Lord Tennyson



c

Imagine

Imagine a snail
As big as a whale,
Imagine a lark
As big as a shark,
Imagine a bee
As big as a tree,
Imagine a toad
As long as a road,
Imagine a hare
As big as a chair,
Imagine a goat
As long as a boat
And a flea the same
size as me.

Roland Egan



d

The Bear

A coat like thick brown grass,
A head like a great carved
rock,
Claws like metal combs,
Paws like boxing gloves,
And a growl like rumbling
thunder.

Anonymous



1 Competition time.

Read the newspaper article and complete the competition poster on the cut-out page at the back of the Skills Book.

NEWS

New Writing Competition Announced

Reporter: Shenaz Saleem

1. Earlier today, a new writing competition was **launched** as part of the upcoming Cultural Festival to be held in Oman. Officials announced that the new 'Writers Write' competition, which aims to encourage students to write poetry and stories, is the first of its kind in Oman.

2. Speaking to an **audience** of **distinguished** guests and teachers at the Grand Hotel in Muscat, Ahmed Ali, who is the event's manager, said, "It gives me great pleasure to launch the new 'Writers Write' competition. We hope that this competition will give rise to a



Ahmed Ali, manager of the 'Writers Write' competition

new generation of talented writers and poets in Oman."

3. The 'Writers Write' competition, which is divided into two age groups, is for students of government and private schools. The 'Young Writers' **category**, which is for 8 to 12 year olds, and the 'Young Teen Writers' category, which is for 13 to 19 year olds, will make the competition fairer for all participants.

4. Prizes that are worth OR 100 for each category will be awarded for Best Fictional Story, Best Factual Story and Best Poem for entrants in each age group. Additionally, The Golden Pen award, that is worth OR 500, will be given to the best author in the competition.

5. All entries should be **submitted** either through schools or directly to



The Golden Pen award is worth OR 500.

the offices of the event organisers, which are located in Seeb. All entries should be submitted along with an application form. The closing date for all entries is December 31st.

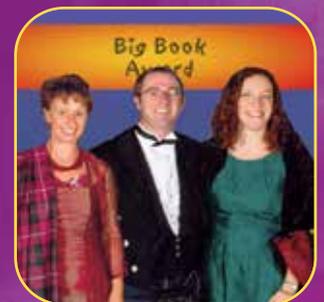
6. Ahmed Ali thanked government organisations, the private sector and individuals that have **contributed** generously to the **funding** of this event. He went on to say, "In a fast-changing world, it still remains important to remember that *to read is to write and to write is to read!* We hope that all schools will take this opportunity to participate in this event."

3 Judges arrested.

Read the following and complete the interview in activity 3 on page 20 of the Skills Book.

S
H
O
C
K

1. **SHOCKING NEWS!** Your weekly guide to the lives of stars and celebrities is shocked to break this news. Yesterday, Pollywood police arrested three judges of the Big Book Award, who are suspected of bribery and corruption.
2. The Big Book Award, which is the biggest writing competition in the world, has been running for the last 50 years. The Award, which has a grand prize of \$1,000,000, has helped the careers of many authors. The arrests follow complaints that some judges have been unfairly taking money from authors in order to help them win.
3. Bruce Bixby, who has been the head judge for the past 15 years, said, "It is with great regret that I have to inform you that Sue Surly, Mike Muffin and Minnie Malone, who are three of our longest serving judges, have been arrested on suspicion of taking money from authors who wanted to win this year's Big Book Award."
4. Bruce continued, "We will be carrying out a full investigation into these complaints because we must be honest to all authors who trust us to give their writing a fair mark."



Happier times: Sue Surly, Mike Muffin and Minnie Malone at last year's Big Book Award ceremony.

Read the best entries of the ITC writing competition and complete activity 3 on page 19 of the Skills Book.

The Scary Dream

1

One night I had a scary, frightening dream about my best friend Zainab and me. We were both walking along a long, winding, dusty road near our village. It was a dark night because the moon was not shining.

Suddenly, a car came racing towards us. A loud, angry noise was coming from the car's engine. It seemed to be saying to us, "I'm coming to get you!" and its bright lights blinded us. We were both terrified and covered our faces with our hands to block out the bright lights.

I was so frightened that I couldn't move and started to cry. However, my friend Zainab was braver than me and shouted, "Let's run!" She grabbed my arm and pulled me along. We both started running towards an old house as fast as we could, but it seemed to take a long time to get there.

When we got to the house, we climbed in through a broken window. We were in a big, dark, empty room with no furniture in it. On the far side of the room was a small door that was big enough for one person to crawl through. We quickly ran towards it and tried to open it, but it was hard to open. We pulled as hard as we could and finally managed to open the door.

It was difficult to see what was on the other side of the door, but Zainab went in first. I asked Zainab, "Can you see anything?" but there was no reply. "Should I walk through?" I asked myself. Suddenly the room lit up with a bright light. It was the car! Frightened, I decided to jump through the door as fast as I could, so I could get away from the car.

On the other side of the door it was still dark. Darker than the night sky, darker than a black cat. I found myself falling, faster, faster and faster. I shouted, "Help!" and woke up in bed. I was back in my bedroom. I realised that it was all a dream.

Based on a story by Badriya Salim



ON ...

On the first, I had the worst thirst.

On the second, I was beckoned.

On the third, I saw a baby seabird.

On the fourth, I travelled to the north.

On the fifth, I saw Granny Smith.

On the sixth, I got some sticks to fix.

On the seventh, I rested.

By Vicki Gross

2

Eid Mubarak

3

This is a report about the festival of Eid Al Fitr in Oman. I will start by telling you about Eid Al Fitr and why it is important. Then I will go on to tell you what people do and eat during Eid Al Fitr. Finally, I will conclude by telling you why Eid Al Fitr is important for me.

Eid Al Fitr is one of the most important festivals in our country and celebrates the end of the fasting month of Ramadhan. The first day of Eid Al Fitr falls on the first day of the month of Shawal.

In the morning, everyone dresses in new clothes. The men go to pray while the women and children spend time with their friends or stay at home to prepare food. When the men return home, everyone sits down to eat together.

There are many special foods for Eid Al Fitr. These include harees and a sweet called halwa. Many foods are prepared several days before Eid Al Fitr.

Eid Al Fitr is also a time for children when we receive Eidya. Also, children are taken to special places like parks and funfairs to enjoy themselves. It's also a special time when family and friends can be together. That is why I enjoy Eid Al Fitr so much.

Based on work by Omani students

Introduction

Hello ITC members! Still having problems thinking of what to write and how to make your writing better? Well DON'T PANIC, the ITC is here to help you. We have collected ideas to get you writing the perfect story. There's information in the following sections:

- Getting ideas
- The process of writing
- Using punctuation
- Using interesting words
- Making interesting sentences

Read on and see if your problems can be solved. Who knows, we may even help you become a RIGHT WRITER.

b.

There are lots of interesting words you can use to help improve your writing. Adjectives, adverbs, and conjunctions can all help to improve your work.

1. Use **adjectives** to tell more about a noun.

- When using more than one adjective we usually sequence them:

| | adjective | | | | | | noun |
|---|-----------|-----|--------|--------|--------|----------|---------|
| | size | age | shape | colour | origin | material | |
| a | big | new | curved | silver | Omani | metal | khanjar |

2. Use **adverbs** to tell more about a verb and how an action is done. For example:

- The man **quickly** ran home.
adverb verb
- She **spoke loudly** to the noisy group of children.
verb adverb

3. Use **conjunctions**, or 'linking words', to help link clauses or sentences.

- **but, because, first, then, next, however, although, and, as, which, that, who** are good examples of conjunctions.

c.

Remember, writing is a process that is like taking steps one at a time and with each step you do something different to make your writing better. The WRITING ROUTE is a great process to help you with your writing. It reminds you what to do, and when to do it. Take a look at the Writing Route below to help you.

Plan

- Brainstorm.
- Write a plan with steps for each paragraph.
- Research in the LRC.
- Read books.

Draft

- Read your plan.
- Write as quickly as possible.
- Follow your plan.

Revise

- Get your friend to read your work.
- Talk with your friend about your ideas and main point of the work.
- Write down any new ideas and add them to your plan.
- Re-write your plan.

Re-draft

- Read your new plan again.
- Read your first draft again.
- Re-write your work with the new ideas you have.

Writers

a.

In writing, we use punctuation to tell people about what is happening and to make our writing more interesting. Reading stories can help you see how to use punctuation marks.

Punctuation marks are like signs and include the following:

1. A **capital letter** has many uses. For example:
 - It is used at the beginning of a sentence and tells you that something new is starting.
 - It is used to tell you if something is a name.
 - It is used for subject pronouns.
2. A **full stop** has many uses. For example:
 - It is used at the end of a sentence to tell you that a sentence has finished.
 - It is used in abbreviations.
3. A **question mark** is used to show that a question is being asked.
4. An **exclamation mark** helps show a command and strong feelings like anger and surprise.
5. A **comma** has many uses. For example:
 - It is used in long sentences to give a pause or a rest, like taking a breath, before going into a new idea within a sentence.
 - It is used to list nouns and adjectives.
 - It is used with speech marks.
 - It is used in some conjunctions.
6. An **apostrophe** has many uses. For example:
 - It is used to show contractions, or when a letter is missing.
 - It is used to show possession, or that a noun owns something.
7. **Speech marks** tell you when someone is speaking.

Write Right!



d.

Short sentences are useful, but super sentences can really impress the reader. A super sentence uses adjectives, adverbs, conjunctions and clauses. Follow the four steps below to make a simple sentence super:

First

Write a simple sentence.

The girl sat at her desk.

Second

Write the sentence again with some adjectives.

The young girl sat at her wooden desk.

Third

Write the sentence again with an adverb.

The young girl sat quietly at her wooden desk.

Fourth

Write your super sentence with a conjunction and a clause.

The young girl sat quietly at her wooden desk when a giant rabbit hopped onto her books and shouted, "Help me!"

e.

How to get started and think of ideas can be one of the most difficult parts of the writing process. When you don't have an idea of what to write, this is often referred to as 'writer's block'. It can take some writers days, weeks or even months to find ideas. Here are some ideas to get over writer's block. Try them if you have a problem.

1. Just start writing anything that you can think of as fast as you can on a rough piece of paper. Don't worry about your handwriting or spelling. Don't worry about how silly the ideas are, because you may come up with an idea that's good.
2. Write lists of nouns, verbs, adjectives and adverbs you like. These may give you words to help write some sentences. These sentences may then help you write your story.
3. Write lists of stories or poems you have read and think about what you like or don't like about the stories. This may help you to decide what kind of things you like writing about.
4. Keep a notebook with you and write any ideas down while you do other work.
5. Write in different places. Maybe go to a different room, maybe go outside, or maybe even lie on the floor.
6. Remember the more you read, the more ideas you'll have to write about: "To read is to write and to write is to read."

Re-read

- Re-read your second draft when you have finished.
- Think about what's missing.
- Think again how to make your writing better.

Check

- Look at your checklist.
- Look in the dictionary.
- Look at your punctuation.
- Look at your handwriting.
- Look at your sentences and paragraphs.

Edit

- Make sure that all your work is correct.
- Change any words.
- Change the order of the sentences and paragraphs.

Publish

- Get a clean piece of paper.
- Make sure you are in a quiet place.
- Write carefully.

1 Club Talk.

CLUB TALK

Answer the focus questions by reading what people have to say about the unit in Club Talk. Write short answers in your exercise book.



1 I was so worried about taking part in the writing competition. It's so scary to think that you have to write a whole story on your own. However, this page is a great web site that the ITC put together and has all the information I need to be a wonderful writer at my fingertips. It helped me a lot in organising myself by using the Writing Route. It also helped me to make my writing better. I used to write boring sentences, but now I know about making super sentences with adjectives, adverbs, and conjunctions. I hope you used it to help you. I think that's a good learning strategy, don't you?



2 My teachers are always talking about different authors, but I never knew much about them until I looked at this page. The biographies on this page told me a lot about other authors, what they wrote about and what helped them to write. Just like these authors, I really enjoy writing stories and poems for my family and friends. I've even won a few writing competitions at school. I think by finding out more about other authors, I'll become a better writer myself because I'll get new ideas. I think

that's a good learning strategy, don't you?



3 Wow, this page really challenges you to have a go at writing. I've usually written stories for my class work, but to write a story for others to read is quite frightening. However, if you win then think of what you could do with all that prize money. It was difficult at first to know what to write about, but then when I saw the story, poem and

report, it gave me some help in brainstorming my own ideas. Yes, using these examples helped me think about what I wanted to write. I think that's a good learning strategy, don't you?



4 It's the first page of the unit. I really like this page and find it useful, because it tells me what the unit is about. It can also remind me of the things I've done before in other units or grades. For

example, this time it helped me remember some of the great stories I've read in the past. There's also lots of helpful information in it about what to look at in the Skills Book and the Classbook. That means I know what I'm going to do in the unit. That gives me the chance to find out more about the contents and maybe research anything I'm not sure about. It's a bit like preparing myself to do the best I can before the lesson starts. I think that's a good learning strategy, don't you?



5 You see, I don't think it's just about other authors. It's also about the language you use. A story is only good if the language is good. That's why I liked this page the best. On this page, you'll see different stories and poems and find out more about alliteration, similes and metaphors. They're all part of a writer's toolbox – you know, the different things a writer uses to make their story interesting. I like writing stories to make other people happy and entertain them. Reading other stories, finding out about what makes stories good and how to use alliteration, similes and metaphors is important. I think that's a good learning strategy, don't you?

Focus Questions

1 Which Classbook title is text 1 talking about?

3 What learning strategy is mentioned in text 3?

5 Which text talks about the Classbook page 'Famous Writers'?

2 Which text talks about the Classbook page 'Great Writing'?

4 Which Classbook title is text 4 talking about?

6 Why is the first page of the unit important?

MONEY



Hi, I'm Alia. This unit is all about the thing I'm very interested in. Yes, you've guessed it ... it's all about 1. . You can 2. it on things you like, you can 3. it in the bank and you can 4. other people with it. People say you're 5. if you have lots of it, and they say you're 6. if you have none of it. Some people say they're happy with it, while others say that they're much 7. without it. Whatever you think about it, one thing is for sure – money is an 8. part of our lives. That's why in this unit we're going to look at many topics about money. What do you think about money?

a "I don't spend much of it. I like saving it in the bank where it is nice and safe."

c "I think it's important to remember that many people don't have it. That's why I do a lot of fund raising."

d "I'd like to win a million rials to buy lots of new cars."

e "In my view, rich people are unhappy, because..."

b "I really enjoy shopping with it."

f "My friend has a huge collection of Omani coins and banknotes. It's an interesting hobby."

1. I agree.
2. Exactly.
3. That's right.
4. That's true.
5. Absolutely.

g "My friend is a real miser. He never spends any money on his family or friends. I think that money makes you selfish."

6. I disagree.
7. Sorry, but I don't agree.
8. I'm not sure.
9. No way!
10. I don't think that's true.

h "I found an old Omani coin once and it's in a museum now."

i "I think if you buy something that breaks, you should complain about it."

j "If you had no money, you wouldn't be able to buy things."

k "In my opinion it makes people greedy. They just want more and more of it."



People and Money

1 Read about the ITC members.

Read and complete activity 4 on page 26 of the Skills Book.



Dear ITC members,

a

Hi, I collect money. I started collecting money when my uncle came back from a holiday in the UK. He gave me a shiny gold-coloured pound coin. I thought it was beautiful.

I've collected many notes and coins since then. I've shown my collection to many of my friends and family. Recently, I've been on TV and I've talked about my collection to officials from the museum. They've said it is one of the best collections in Oman.

Not long ago, I found a really old coin from Oman in the desert and showed it to someone from the museum. They said it was rare and worth a lot of money. I wanted to add it to my collection, but the officials told me it was part of our national heritage and had to stay in the museum.

I think it's a wonderful hobby, because it is a great way to find out about history and the past.

Best wishes,
Naila



Dear ITC members,

b

I really like money, but I don't like spending it on anything or anyone. It started when my aunty gave me some money for my birthday. I kept it under my bed in an old box. Slowly I saved more and more money until I had to put it into a bank.

I go to the bank every week to put money in my account. I also like to check how much money I've collected and I really enjoy seeing the amount of money get bigger and bigger. I don't like taking money out of my account.

My aunt says I am a miser and mean because when I go shopping with my family and friends I never buy anything. I always get others to buy things for me. I think that's a clever way to save money.

Best wishes,
Bob



Hello ITC,

c

Not so long ago, I read a really interesting newspaper article all about poverty. It made me feel really sad to think that there are so many people who have to live with so little. It also made me think how lucky we are and how much we have.

Imagine having to live on less than a rial a day. What could you buy? How would you spend your money? It got me thinking about what I could do to help.

My friends and I asked our teacher if we could help raise some money. He thought it was a great idea. We decided to do a 12km walk and clean up the wadi to help raise money. So far we have raised 300 rials for the Red Crescent. They are going to give it to people who need it more than we do.

Try it!

Best wishes,
Ibrahim



Dear ITC,

d

I say, "Spend, spend, spend!" You only live once, so why save any money?

Money is for spending, not saving. Spending money makes me feel great. Every day, I have to go out to the shops and buy something new. Recently, I have bought clothes, pens and pencils and lots of jewellery. There's always something new to buy or something old to replace.

Last year I spent over \$1000. I tried to control my spending, but it's really difficult when there are so many things to buy.

If we didn't spend money, there would be no shops or jobs. I think I'm helping others by spending my money.

Best wishes,
Monica





The Money Museum

Welcome

The Money Museum has been collecting coins and banknotes from around the world since 1975. We have collected a total of 700 coins and 130 banknotes. This month we have exhibitions on Omani money, different kinds of money and the history of money.

The Omani Collection

Our new Omani collection shows the importance of Oman in the world. This country has been using coins for centuries to trade with Arabia, East Africa, India and the Far East.

Oman was the first country in the region to make its own coins in the Hijrah year 81. This was called the silver dirham and was produced in the reign of Umayyad Caliph Abd Al-Malik bin Marwan.

We also have more recent examples of money from the 1970s when, on April 22nd 1971 (Hijrah year 1391), Oman became a member of the International Monetary Fund. These include the gold 15 rial, one rial and the half rial coins.



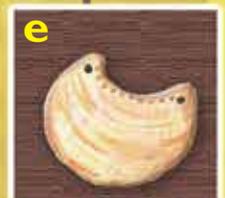
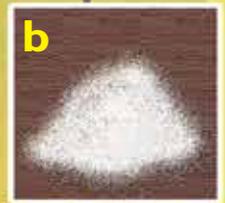
The rich designs, the colours and the history of Oman make this a collection you must see.



Different kinds of money

Different things have been used for money over the past 5,000 years. What was used as money depended on what was valuable or rare at the time. Different kinds of money have included:

1. Copper axes, which were used in Mexico in the 16th century.
2. Kina pearl shells, which were used in Papua New Guinea well into the 20th century.
3. Tea, which was used in Russia, Tibet and China until the 1970s.
4. Salt, which was very valuable in ancient times because it could be used to preserve food.
5. Dog's teeth and whale's teeth, which were used as money in islands round the Pacific.
6. Wampum, which were beads made from clam shells and were used by the Native Americans until 1636.



The History of Money

9,000 BC
cattle and
crops

1,200 BC
shells

1,000 BC
first metal
coins

700 BC
coins of gold
and silver

800 AD
paper
money

TODAY
credit cards,
cash cards and
electronic
money

We hope this taste into the world of the Money Museum has encouraged you to visit us soon. Just drop in. We're at :

101 Penny Lane, Croxeth, Liverpool, L8 7WT, UK
Tel: 0151 7042143

Opening times: Tuesday–Saturday
9am–5pm

Money mix

Here are texts on two different topics. Read the Learning Strategy about 'Deciding the topic' on page 29 of the Skills Book. Then read the following pieces of information and decide what the two topics are about. Finally complete activity 3 on page 29 of the Skills Book.

1 In the UK, many children get pocket money from their parents for doing **chores** around the house.

8 It seems that the older you are, the more you get. If you are 11–16 years old, you get £9.15 a week, while 7–11 year-olds get £6.31 per week.

12 Research in the USA has shown that 17 million people cannot **control** their spending. These people are called shopaholics.

2 Famous shopaholics in history have included Mary Todd Lincoln, who owned 84 pairs of gloves and Imelda Marcos, who owned thousands of shoes.

13 With the ease of online Internet shopping, shops being open 24 hours a day, seven days a week, advertisements telling you to buy, credit card companies telling you to **spend** – it has never been so easy to spend, spend, spend!

3 Children in Wales get the highest amount at £8.49, while children in Scotland get only £6.08.

9 Where does all this pocket money go? It seems 60% of it goes on sweets, chocolate, crisps and soft drinks. However, some of it is spent on clothes, sports shoes, and computer games.

14 These are people who don't just buy 1 CD at a time, but have to buy 20 CDs at a time, or spend \$200 on getting their hair cut.

4 If your house is full of things that are **wrapped**, clothes in the cupboard that still have their labels on, shoes that remain unworn for months and CDs that you hardly play and if you have to go and buy anything and everything at anytime, the chances are you may be a shopaholic.

10 Girls save 99p, or 44%, of their pocket money, while boys only save 81p, or 35%, of theirs.

15 Many do it because they are lonely or sad in some way.

5 Kids in London receive £7.59.

11 Some doctors have started to **treat** people with drugs to help control their spending habit.

6 The **problem** is that people end up spending all their time and money on an activity which can leave them forgetting about family, friends and work. Many end up owing a lot of money to others.

7 Girls get 18p a week more than boys, who have to work up to two hours more a week than girls to get theirs.

16 On average, children in the UK get £7.82 per week. That is a total of £70m a year.

learning strategy

writing letters of complaint

A Remember that a letter of complaint is a FORMAL letter.

We write formal letters if there is something important to write about or reply to.

Formal letters:

- Use full and not contracted forms, eg. I am and NOT I'm.
- Do not use simple words, e.g. NOT find out but discover.
- Put the address and date of the sender on the right.
- Put the name and address of the receiver on the left.
- Start with Dear Sir, Dear Madam, Dear Sir/Madam or Dear Mr Brown/Mrs Smith.
- End with Yours faithfully when you do not know the name of the person.
- End with Yours sincerely when you know the name of the person.

B When writing a letter of complaint, think about the following when planning:

Paragraph 1 introduce the complaint

Paragraph 2 describe the problem and how it has affected you

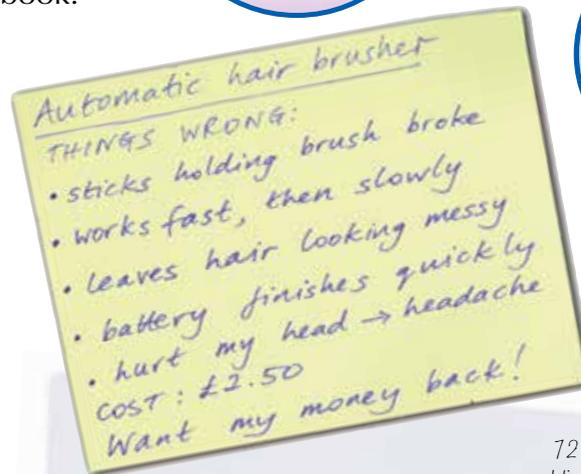
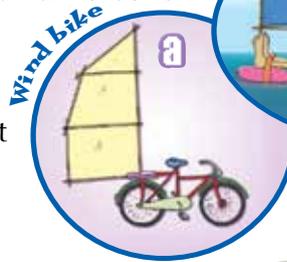
Paragraph 3 tell them what you want them to do

Paragraph 4 Finally...
I look forward to...

Use the Writing Route to help you.

2 A letter of complaint.

Read the letter of complaint and the learning strategy. Then use the notes about the Automatic hair brusher and write your own letter of complaint in your exercise book.



72 Washdown Road,
Hinglebury,
NN45 4NQ
Nampshire

1st April, 2005

The Manager,
Cheap and Cheerful Stores,
12 Seagull Road,
Dockside,
Southampton

Dear Sir/Madam,

I am writing to complain about the Easy Sailor that I recently bought from your shop in Seagull Road on March 16th, 2005.

As you know, sailing is quite expensive, so when I read your advertisement for the Easy Sailor, I decided to buy it immediately. I really enjoy sailing and I was looking forward to trying it out once I got home. However, when I got home and opened the box, I found that many of the parts were broken or missing. The balloons had holes in them, the fabric for the sails was torn, the sticks were bent and the string and elastic bands were missing. As a result, I have not been able to go sailing.

I am a student and I work hard in my spare time to save money for my hobby, which is sailing. I am really unhappy, because I do not have the money to waste on things which do not work and which are broken. I think your company should look carefully at each box before it is sold to customers. I also think it is only fair that your company refund the £4.99 I paid for this product plus the postage and packaging for returning the box to you.

I look forward to hearing from you in the near future.

Yours faithfully,

Arthur Glumm

Congratulations!

You are the lucky winner of ten million rials!

Riches and

1 Club Talk

Focus Questions

1 What kind of story is the story about King Midas?

2 Was Midas a kind man? Why?

3 What gift did the old man give the King?

4 Why did Midas hate the old man's gift?

5 Did money make Midas happy?

What would you do if you had one million rials? Read some opinions from ITC members and decide if you agree or disagree.



Yin

a I would be so happy and excited if I had one million rials! Although I suppose it's also a bit scary because lots of rich people seem to have very empty and meaningless lives. So, I think I'd spend half of the money straight away and I'd put half of it in the bank to keep it safe for when I'm older.

2 King Midas

Read this myth from Greece about King Midas and answer the focus questions in your groups.

Many years ago, there was a rich king called Midas, who liked gold more than anything in the entire world.

One day, an old man knocked on the palace door looking for food and shelter. The King, who was kind and generous, looked after the old man until he was strong and healthy again.

The old man was very grateful and he asked King Midas what he would like in return for his kindness. King Midas told him and the old man promised to make the King's wish come true.

The next day, as soon as the sun rose, King Midas lightly touched the bed with his hand. The bed turned into yellow shiny gold! Next, he touched the chair and table. Instantly, they were turned into solid gold. The King was wild with joy and ran around the room touching everything he could see.

Soon, King Midas felt hungry so he went downstairs to the dining room for his breakfast.

However, when he tried to eat some bread, it became solid gold. He couldn't eat anything!

Suddenly, his beautiful young daughter came running in from the garden. However, when she touched her father, at once she changed into a gold statue!

A great fear crept into the King's heart, sweeping all the joy out of his life. He missed his daughter more than anything. In his grief he called for the old man.

King Midas begged the old man to take away the gift of the golden touch. Finally, the old man agreed and he told King Midas to fill a jug from the stream in the garden and sprinkle the water on everything that was gold.

The King took the jug and rushed to the stream. First, he sprinkled water on his daughter, who immediately sprang back to life. Next, he poured water on the gold food, which turned back to real bread and real butter.

In fact, the King hated his golden touch so much that he sprinkled water on everything because he never wanted to see gold again!



Happiness

b If I had one million rials, I would be so happy! I think I'd buy a fast car, a new house and loads of clothes! I would go to all of the biggest jewellery shops in the world and buy hundreds of expensive necklaces and rings. I would be happy for the rest of my life!



Karen

c If I had one million rials, I would be very worried. I don't think anyone should have that much money, especially not a teenager! In my opinion, having so much money is greedy and selfish when there is so much misery and poverty in the world. I wouldn't want a million rials, I would give most of it to charity, my family and friends. I'd put the rest in the bank.



Yasir

3 Money and happiness.

Read and guess the meaning of the words in red.

NEWS

Can money buy happiness?

We all dream of winning one million rials, but would it make us happy?

It is true that buying a nice new sports car, new clothes or an **expensive** new house would make you feel happy, but only for a short time. Soon, you have to go and buy something else so you can get that happy feeling again. Before long, you are working and spending and working and spending, but you are not getting any happier.

Lord Layard, from the London School of Economics, suggests

that it is not money which brings happiness, but other things. He argues that people need to have friends and be involved in the local **community** to be happy. People also need to feel happy with themselves. They need to feel **respected** by others and feel they have achieved something in their work and life. Money cannot buy you friends, respect and **achievement**.

This means that if people want happier lives, they will need to change the way they spend their money. If the first thing you do

when you win one million rials is to move to a big house in a new area, you might find yourself very lonely and unhappy. Think carefully about how you spend your money if you want to be happy. Give money to charity so you don't feel selfish, start a project which will be good for the community or save it so you don't have to worry about the future.

The message is that the less time we spend shopping, the more time we can give to family and friends, exercise, sleep, travel and other activities which give us a feeling of strength, health and happiness.

Source: Polly Toynbee (2003) www.guardian.co.uk

Spending,

1 Crazy cash facts.

You need to be rich to buy the following things! Read the following facts and questions and give your opinions in your groups.

a In January, 2005 a Harley Davidson motorbike was sold for \$8 million in America. Do you think it is good to spend \$8 million on a motorbike? Why?



b

In 2005, a film called 'Harry Potter and the Goblet of Fire' cost more than \$110 million to make. Do you think it is right to spend \$110 million on a film? Why?



2 Giving Zakat.

Read Abdul Kareem's e-mail and answer the questions in activity

Dear Radiospeakout,

I was on your radio programme yesterday and I think it is wrong to spend lots of money on shoes or a car when there are 700 million people in the world who do not have enough to eat. I am sending this e-mail to let you know how Muslims in Britain give money to help the poor.

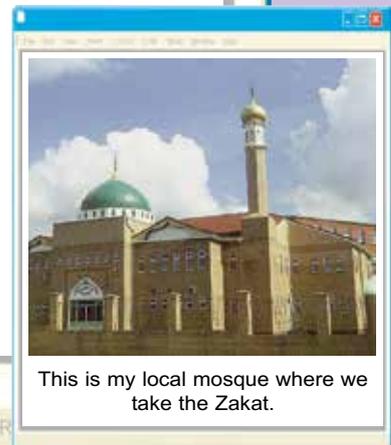
Every year, Muslims fast during Ramadhan. This helps us to remember and understand people who are starving. However, Muslims don't just think about starvation, they try to do something about it. At the end of Ramadhan, on the day of the festival of Eid Al Fitr, we give a sum of money to the poor called Zakat Al Fitr.

Zakat Al Fitr is the amount it costs to buy one meal. The head of the family pays Zakat Al Fitr. This year, my father paid £2.50 for every member of the family. In addition, my father gives Zakat Al Mal each year. For this he paid 2.5% of the total value of his cash, gold and silver. This year, his Zakat Al Mal was £555.

All of the Zakat money is collected and sent to a welfare organisation, which then sends it to the people who need it. There are 1.6 million Muslims in the UK and the Zakat adds up to a lot of money which really helps the poor.

I hope you can read this e-mail out on the show next week,

Best wishes,
Abdul Kareem



Saving and Giving

In 1987, a museum in England sold a rare 1950s Mercedes Grand Prix W196 racing car for £1.5 million. The person who bought the car sold it for £24 million in 1990. If rare or important things are given to museums, do you think they should sell them? Why?

c



In 2003, Stuart Weitzman designed a pair of shoes which were woven from platinum thread and set with 642 rubies, valued at £1 million. Would you buy a pair of shoes for £1 million? Why?

d



3 Are you a saver?

Do the quiz below and find out how good you are at saving money. Write your answers in your exercise book.

- When you get a present of money, how much do you save?
 - all of it
 - some of it
 - none of it
- When you go out with friends, what do you take with you?
 - all of your money
 - some money
 - no money
- If you see two things you really want to buy, what do you do?
 - buy neither of them
 - buy one of them
 - buy both of them
- You are going to buy a car and you have saved half of the money. Which of the following do you do?
 - wait until you have saved all of the money
 - pay half now and pay a little bit every month during the next year
 - borrow the other half from a bank and pay the bank next year
- If a person asks you to give money to a charity, what do you do?
 - give a small amount
 - give quite a lot
 - give everything

Answers:

Mainly a: You are very good at saving and you will be free from money worries in the future. However, you should try to spend and give a little bit more. You only live once!
 Mainly b: You are balancing spending and saving very well. You are enjoying your money, but you are also saving some for the future.
 Mainly c: You are very generous and you enjoy spending your money. However, you should save more money if you want a future free from worry and debt.

1 Bank accounts.

Look at the advertisements below and match them to a person from activity 3 on page 34 of the Skills Book.

a Introducing the new Freedom Account!

The new **Freedom Account** is designed for people on the move. If you need to withdraw money when the banks are closed, this is the account for you.

You can take money out at any cash machine in the country and it's free! This means that you can get your money anywhere and at any time!

That's not all!

When you open a **Freedom Account**, you will receive a free diary and pen.



Fill in the application form and take it to your local IBO branch today! All you need is a minimum of 200 rials and you can open a **Freedom Account**.

Remember – **You can go, go, go, With the IBO!**



The **Gold Coin Account** offers you:

- A cheque book
- A cash card
- Loans up to 5,000 rials
- A 24-hour telephone banking service
- A free mobile phone when you open an account

Open a **Gold Coin Account** at the Bank of Salalah today!

The Bank of Salalah – Keeping your savings safe! Branches throughout Oman.

c Grand Oman Bank

Do you love spending, but really need to be saving? You need to open a **Smart Savers Account**, the account that helps you save!

You can open a **Smart Savers Account** with as little as 1 rial! As



you start to save your money, we help you save by stopping you spending! Limited opportunities to withdraw money, but lots of chances to win and become a millionaire!

Terms and conditions:

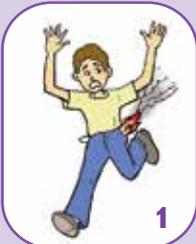
- A limited withdrawal of 50 rials each month for 3 years.
- The account cannot be closed for 3 years.
- A minimum deposit of 50 rials every month.
- A monthly chance to win 1 million rials in the Lucky Ticket Competition.
- No cheque book or cash card.

Safe Saving with Grand Oman Bank!

2 Money wisdom!

In groups, read the idioms about money and try to match them to their meaning. Write your answers in your exercise book.

His money is burning a hole in his pocket.



All that glitters is not gold.



Money talks!



Meanings

- He's got so much money, he can do anything he wants with it.
- People with money have power and they can get what they want.
- Money isn't easy to get.
- I've started so I'll finish it.
- He can't stop spending his money!
- Something may not be as valuable as you think it is.



Money doesn't grow on trees.



In for a penny, in for a pound!



He's got money to burn!

Unit 4

Space Quiz

1. How many planets are in our solar system?
a. 9
b. 11
c. 13

5. How far is Earth from the Sun?
a. 58 million km
b. 108 million km
c. 150 million km

2. Which planet is furthest from the Sun?
a. Venus
b. Pluto
c. Mercury

6. Who was the first person to travel in space?
a. Captain Perfect
b. Neil Armstrong
c. Yuri Gagarin

3. Which planet is the biggest?
a. Saturn
b. Jupiter
c. Mars

7. How long does it take a rocket to travel from Earth to the moon?
a. 24 hours
b. 3 days
c. 1 week

4. Which planet is the hottest?
a. Mercury
b. Venus
c. Mars

8. When did the first person walk on the moon?
a. 1959
b. 1969
c. 1979

Space

What's in this unit?

Review books about space

a

Astronomy at Al-Hoqain

b

Dangers from space

f

Different space rocket designs

h

Space tourism

i

Facts about space

e

Space spin-offs

g

Song about space

c

Expeditions to the moon

d

Our Solar

Mercury



Venus



Earth



Mars



Jupiter

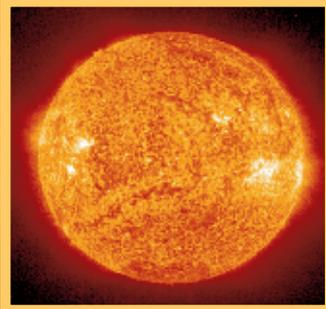


1 Did you know?

Read the texts below and answer the true/false questions in activity 3 on page 38 of the Skills Book.

The Sun is the largest star in our solar system. However, there are many other stars in our galaxy which are bigger, hotter or colder. The Sun is a huge ball of gas which is 1.4 million km in diameter. The centre of the Sun is 15 million °C. The Sun releases heat and light into the solar system. Explosions on the surface of the Sun are called sun flares and sometimes these can stop satellite televisions and radios from working properly. The Sun also has sunspots, which are cooler areas on

the surface. Astronomers think that the Sun is about 4.5 billion years old and that after another 5 billion years, it will stop burning and the solar system will be destroyed.

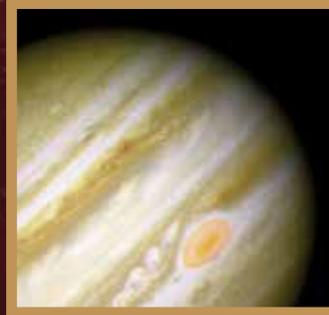


a

Jupiter is the biggest planet in our solar system. It is bigger and heavier than all of the other planets added together. In 1609, the Italian scientist Galileo Galilei, using the first telescope, discovered that Jupiter had sixteen moons. One of the moons orbiting Jupiter is bigger than the planet Mercury. Jupiter is a huge ball of liquid surrounded with gas clouds. Nearly 350

years ago, an astronomer called Robert Hooke discovered a large red spot on Jupiter. This spot is a massive storm in Jupiter's atmosphere.

b



The moon goes around Earth. It is the only place that people have ever visited in space because it is nearer than the planets. From Earth, it is possible to see many holes, called craters, on the surface of the moon where meteors have crashed into it. The moon orbits Earth at about 3,700 km an hour and it takes the moon 27.3 days to go around Earth once. The gravity on the moon's surface is only one-sixth that of Earth. However, it is enough to make the ocean tides on Earth. When the moon is opposite an ocean, the pull is strongest and there is a low tide. When the moon is not opposite an ocean, the pull is less and the tide is high.



c

People have known about comets for hundreds of years. The Chinese made the first recorded sightings of comets in 240 BC. Comets travel on long orbits around the Sun and they often pass Earth quite regularly. Halley's comet, for example, appears about every 76 years. As a comet gets close to the sun, it gets hotter and often gets a long tail of gas and dust flowing behind it. These tails can be 10 million km long. In fact, the name 'comet' comes from the Greek meaning 'long-haired' because their long tails look like long hair streaming out behind them.



d

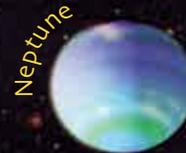
System



Saturn



Uranus



Neptune



Pluto

2 Space facts.

Listen, read the table and guess the planet.

| Name of planet | Distance from the Sun (million km) | Diameter (km) | Average temperature (°C) | Number of moons |
|----------------|------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Mercury | 58 | 4,880 | 167 | 0 |
| Venus | 108 | 12,100 | 464 | 0 |
| Earth | 150 | 12,756 | 15 | 1 |
| Mars | 228 | 6,790 | -65 | 2 |
| Jupiter | 778 | 142,800 | -110 | 63 |
| Saturn | 1,427 | 120,000 | -140 | 46 |
| Uranus | 2,870 | 51,000 | -195 | 27 |
| Neptune | 4,497 | 48,400 | -200 | 13 |
| Pluto | 5,900 | 2,500 | -225 | 1 |

3 Guess the planet.

In pairs, take turns to use comparatives and superlatives to describe a planet and get your partner to guess the planet. Use the table and look at the example to help you.

It's further from the Sun than Earth, but nearer than Jupiter. Guess the planet.

Mars.

4 Asteroid danger!

The news reader on Planet Perfect cannot say large numbers correctly because of the Grammartron bomb. Read and listen to the report. In your exercise book, write down the letter of the numbers which the news reader says incorrectly.

"Latest reports suggest that the people on Earth are in danger! Scientists say that there is a worrying one in **a.** 25,000 possibility that a person will be killed by an asteroid hitting Earth.

Today, scientists know of **b.** 140 places where asteroids have definitely hit Earth. For example, **c.** 35,000,000 years ago, an asteroid nearly **d.** 2 kilometres in diameter hit the ocean off the west coast of America. Today a similar impact would certainly destroy the planet. In **e.** 1908, an asteroid exploded in the atmosphere near Tunguska in Siberia. The shock wave from the explosion destroyed **f.** 2,000 square kilometres of forest.

More recently, in September **g.** 2004, a comet as big as a small city came very close to Earth and nearly destroyed the entire planet. Thankfully, it is now heading towards the edge of the solar system, where it will stay for another **h.** 37,000 years before returning to Earth again. Someone must tell the people on Earth that they are in danger from space!"

Source: Aerospace Power Journal, Summer 1997



Look at the newspaper article and answer the focus questions in your groups.

Focus Questions

Star shines at Al-Hoqain

1 Astronomy and the Arab world have been linked together since ancient times. Famous Arab astronomers include Sinan ibn Thabit ibn Qurra, who studied the movement of the Sun in the 10th century and Nasir Al-Din Tusi, who made accurate tables of planetary movements in the late 13th century.

2 Today, in the small village of Al-Hoqain in Batinah South, history is repeating **itself**. An amazing man called Yusuf bin Zahir bin Mohammed Saleh Al-Salmi is following in the footsteps of famous Arab astronomers.

3 When he was a child, Yusuf was fascinated by the



A spiral galaxy.

glittering stars in the clear night sky above his village. He used to gaze up at the skies and ask **himself** questions such as, "Why do some stars shine and others disappear?" and, "How do the stars move?"

4 One day, when he was in Grade 5, he had a really interesting Science lesson about space. His Science teacher encouraged Yusuf to collect information on space. Day after day, Yusuf collected books and articles until he made **himself** a valuable library.

5 Then, in 1992, Yusuf bought **himself** a telescope. The first thing he saw was the moon with its deep craters, high mountains and flat plains. Then, as he moved the telescope across the night sky, he was amazed at what he could see. Saturn sat spinning inside its colourful rings, Jupiter boiled with fiery gases and strange galaxies stretched **themselves** out into deep space, each one containing millions of stars.

6 In 1997, Yusuf decided to build an observatory. It was

very difficult and Yusuf had to push **himself** to finish it. In 2001, the observatory was finally completed. It is a round room which is 6 metres in diameter containing a telescope, computers, cameras and a library of more than 1,500 books.



Yusuf in his observatory.

7 Yusuf believes that in every Omani house, there is someone who can talk about the stars and planets. Omani farmers use the stars to tell them when to plant crops, fishermen and travellers use the stars to guide them. Talk to your family and find out some information on the stars. You might surprise yourself and become the next great Arab astronomer!

Source: *Al Watan* newspaper
30.12.04

1 What is the topic of the text?

2 Who is the article about?

3 Which paragraph is about school?

4 Which paragraph is about making something?

5 What is the main idea of the first paragraph?

2 Interview.

The reporter interviewed Yusuf before he wrote the newspaper report. In your exercise book, match the questions and the answers. Look at the newspaper report to help you.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. When you were a child, looking at the stars, what did you do? | a. It was very difficult and I had to push myself to finish it. |
| 2. What did you do with the books and articles you collected? | b. I bought myself a telescope. |
| 3. What did you do in 1992? | c. I used to ask myself questions. |
| 4. Was the observatory easy to build? | d. I made myself a valuable library. |



3 Join the space race!

First, read the advertisement and decide if you are fit enough to become an astronaut. Then listen to Talib and decide if he will be accepted on the training programme.

NOSA

National Omani Space Astronauts

NOSA are currently recruiting for their next Omani Youth Astronauts (OYA) initial training programme starting in May at the Ras Al Hadd Space Centre.

Are you fit enough to join the Space Race?

Applicants should:

- be under 16 years old
- be less than 1.8m tall
- have a resting pulse rate of between 70 and 80 beats per minute
- exercise for 20 minutes each day
- have studied English for more than 8 years
- be able to work in small spaces
- be able to work under pressure
- be able to work in a team
- have a mental fitness greater than 5 points

Applicants can find the mental fitness test on-line at www.OYA.NOSA.com

For further details contact: OYA@NOSA.com

All applicants will complete a telephone interview and selection will be made in March.

4 Lift-off problem!

During your initial training programme, a rocket launch went wrong. Use the instructions below to help you join the simple sentences. Rewrite the report with longer sentences in activity 2 on page 42 of your Skills Book.

Join the sentences with **when**.

The launch of Oman Rocket 3 was cancelled yesterday. There were problems during lift-off.

Join the sentences with **while**.

The astronauts were getting ready for the countdown. A herd of goats broke through the fence.

Join the sentences with **but**.

The workers removed the goats. It took 3 hours to remove them.

Join the sentences with **while**.

One of the astronauts, Talib Mustafa, became ill. They were waiting in the rocket.

Join the sentences with **because**.

The launch was stopped. Talib had to go to hospital.

Join the sentences with **when**.

The next launch will be next week. A trainee astronaut will replace Talib.



Space in

1 Space spin-offs.

Read the text below. Match the pictures with the paragraphs and then



cordless power tools



barcodes



joysticks



fire-fighting equipment

1. A space spin-off isn't a piece of a meteor, space junk or a satellite that's lost control. A space spin-off is an invention that has been used in space, but now has been changed for use in the home. The chances are that at some point in your life you have used something that began life as an experiment in space, or was used in space.

Here are some famous space spin-offs:

2. Before _____ were invented, many things in shops had to be individually priced by hand. Sometimes shops had to close for days while the number of things in stock were checked. _____ can be found on many things in shops and help to tell the price of things which are on sale. This invention was first used by the Americans to help locate the millions of spacecraft parts needed when they were building rockets.
3. Not so long ago, many fire fighters used to get burnt badly. Whenever they fought fires, they had to be careful to keep away from the flames and not go inside buildings. This was true until _____ made from fire resistant materials was introduced. This was first developed for space suits for use by astronauts.
4. Playing games on computers was not so easy when you had to use the keys on the keyboard to help move the characters around the screen. After _____ were invented, it became much easier to move characters around. _____ were used to help control spacecraft. However, this didn't make the games any easier to play!
5. Many electrical machines around the house use cables to connect to electricity to make them work. Electrical cables make some jobs - like cleaning hard to reach places, cutting high branches off bushes, or drilling holes in walls - quite difficult. After _____ were invented, many jobs around the home became much easier. These were first used by astronauts to help collect moon rock and mend space equipment.

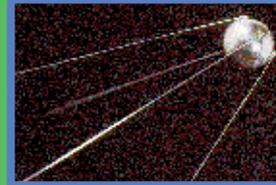


our lives

2 A report on satellites.

Read this report and complete activity 2 on page 44 of the Skills Book.

1. Sputnik was the first man-made satellite to be sent into space. It was launched on October 4th, 1957 by the Russians. Satellites are machines which travel round Earth to help send information from one place to another. Satellites have many uses, which I have written about in the following paragraphs.
2. Many satellites have strong cameras that take photographs of Earth. This can help us tell what the weather might be like in a particular part of the world. The cameras can also be used to help find out more about the mountains, seas and trees of our planet. Also, the cameras can help us find out more about the stars and planets in the universe.
3. Satellites make it possible for people to talk or communicate with each other. Mobile phones and the Internet all use satellites to send words and pictures round the world. Satellite television lets us know what is happening as it is happening.
4. Satellites can also help us find or locate people who may be lost at sea or in a desert. More and more these days, cars are using satellites to help drivers to find their way around towns and cities. They can also help drivers avoid traffic jams.



5. In conclusion, satellites are man-made objects that have made a lot of changes to the world we live in. It is very hard to imagine what our lives would be like without them.

Report by:
Mustafa Saleem

Source: www.smgaeels.org/physics/97/MHALLET.HTM

3 Read and complete activity 3 on page 44 of the Skills Book.

Space The biggest and most dangerous dustbin not on this world!

When you look up at the night sky, what do you see? The chances are that as well as the moon and the stars, you're also seeing a lot of rubbish, or space junk. Space junk is made up of old satellites and pieces of rockets that have been left behind. In fact, since 1965, the amount of space debris has doubled every year.

It is estimated that there are about 9,000 pieces of large space debris, weighing in total about 3.2 million kilogrammes, floating above the earth. Additionally there are 4 million small pieces which have all been left behind by space explorers.

The frightening thing about these facts is that not only is there a lot of rubbish in space, but much of it is travelling at around 35,200 kilometres an hour. There is some evidence of space debris hitting satellites and damaging them. However, imagine the damage a piece of space junk could do to an astronaut in space or a human on the ground!

Space is certainly a more dangerous place since humans started to explore it!

Sources: www.animatedsoftware.com/spacedeb/spacedeb.htm

www.bbc.co.uk/cbbc



5, 4, 3, 2, 1

Focus Questions

1 Read and answer.

Read the newspaper article below and answer the focus questions in your exercise books. Use complete sentences.

1 How many paragraphs are there?

2 What does the picture show?

3 Who could only travel into space at first?

4 What is SS an abbreviation for?

5 Who will be able to go on the SS?

6 Where might we take holidays in the future?

Get ready with your spacesuit!

By Sammy Silver

Not long ago, people looked up at the stars and wondered what was out there. While we looked on, at first astronauts in rockets started to travel into space, the moon and planets beyond. These adventures were just for a few specially trained people who were willing to face the dangers of space to further the knowledge of humankind.



The SS taking off on a training flight.

That was true until the 'Spaceship Spectacular' or 'SS' was invented. The SS is the first privately owned and operated space vehicle to have won the \$10 million Ansari X prize money for travelling into space and safely back to Earth with passengers.

We asked officials at the SS office, "What does this mean for the average person on the street?"

"Winning the Ansari X prize makes us feel confident that in a few years everyone will be able to travel into space. In the same way we catch planes these days to another city or country, in a few years' time we'll be able to catch the SS for a trip round Earth, a visit to a space station, the moon or even Mars."

There you have it, ladies and gentlemen. Get ready with your spacesuit. Your holidays are about to become more interesting than ever. Before you book your next holiday, you may want to look out for advertisements like these ...

Sources: www.virgingalactic.com
www.cnn.com

Take a look ...

LIFT OFF!



2 SS Space Tours.

Get into groups of three and each choose a different advertisement from below. On your own, read the advertisement you have chosen and complete activity 3 on page 45 of the Skills Book.

Mystery Moon Tour

Make the most of our Mystery Moon tour. The SS super shuttle is well equipped to make your week-long visit to our nearest neighbour a comfortable experience you'll wish to repeat time and time again. Once on Mystery Moon Base 1, you may want to see where the first men landed on the moon. You may choose to play weightless golf and see how far you can hit that ball in one stroke. Otherwise, relax in the swimming pool on Mystery Moon Base 1 and watch the world go by.

Don't forget to book on-line!
Don't forget your cameras!

Cost: \$1,500 per adult,
\$1,000 per child

Additional Costs:

First moon landing site \$100
per adult, \$50 per child

Moon golf \$10 per game
or \$50 for the week

Moon walk \$10 per adult, \$5 per child

Dates: All year round, subject to seat availability and weather

Times: Every Saturday at 11.00

Departure: Earth Space Centres in Australia, India and South Africa



a

Space Station City

Is a space cruise too short for you? Is a moon trip too long for you? Then try a visit to Space Station City. You'll find everything you ever wanted here, but could never try at home. Our on-board telescope will let you see the stars and planets as you have never seen them before. The space sports centre, with its weightless atmosphere, will let you play games like you never imagined. You can choose from a 3-day mini break or a longer one week holiday. Whatever you decide, we'll make your stay as safe as possible.

Don't forget to book on-line!
Don't forget your cameras!

Cost:

3 day mini breaks

\$750 per adult, \$500 per
child

One week break

\$1,000 per adult, \$750 per
child

Dates: All year round, subject to seat availability and weather

Times: Friday at 15.00 and Tuesday at 14.00

Departure: Earth Space Centres in Russia, Brazil and Qatar



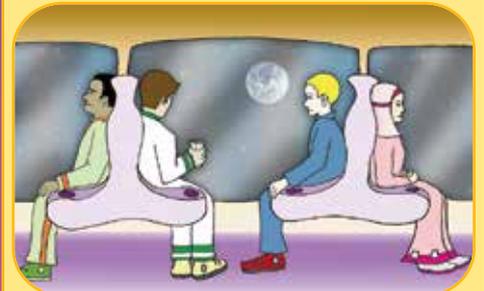
c

Earth Space Cruise

Buckle up for the ride of your life. The engines have started and you're on board the SS super shuttle bound for outer space. This two-hour spectacular space cruise round Earth is bound to please anyone who has never stepped off the planet before. If you're brave enough, you may even want to take a space walk.

You'll hear the roar of the engines as we climb out of Earth's orbit. You'll feel the speed push you back into the comfortable space seats. You'll sense the feeling of being weightless as the force of gravity is left behind and the emptiness of space opens up before your very eyes.

Don't forget to book on-line!
Don't forget your cameras!



Cost: \$500 per adult, \$250 per
child

Dates: All year round, subject to
seat availability and weather

Times: Every hour from 09.00 to
15.00

Departure: Earth Space
Centres in USA, UAE, China
and Spain

b

1 Club Talk.

Club Talk members are talking about their SS Space Tour from activity 2 on page 39 of the Classbook. Read the following and discuss the focus questions with other members of your group.

A Usually we go to Egypt for our holidays, but this year we decided to be a little bit more adventurous. I'd never been into space before and wanted to know what it would be like. I always thought it would be dangerous, but those people at SS Tours really made me feel safe.



As it was my first time, we decided not to go too far or for too long, just in case I didn't like it. I tell you, it was amazing. When the engines on the spaceship started off, the noise was so loud. Before I knew it we were there, in space.

We only cruised around Earth five times before we returned to Earth. It was wonderful to see our planet so beautiful and blue. I'll never forget looking at Oman from space – so spectacular. I know it was a short trip, but it was worth every penny. Oh yes, before I forget, remember to take your camera with you!

B I went on the space cruise last year and didn't have enough money to go to the moon, so this seemed the best thing to do. The trip up was quick and easy, so you had lots of time to really enjoy yourself when there. I like looking at the stars, so the clear dark sky, free of clouds, was perfect for observing them. It's great to see Earth and the moon at the same time. The three days passed so peacefully and I felt really relaxed when we returned to Earth. It was worth every penny. Oh yes, remember to take your camera with you!



C That was really a great holiday. I'd never imagined that it would be quite like that. It was strange looking up at that black sky and seeing Earth so small and far away. The walk outside the base was really exciting. I didn't think the surface would be as dusty as it was and when we picked up the rocks, they felt as light as feathers. Some might say that it was a little bit too expensive, but I thought that it was worth it. Oh yes, don't forget your camera!



Focus Questions

1 Which holiday is text A about?

2 Which holiday is text B about?

3 Which holiday is text C about?

4 How many times has the person in text A been into space?

5 Why is it easier to observe stars in space?

6 What is the moon's surface like?

7 Did the ITC members enjoy their holidays? Why?

2 Interview a partner.

Use the questions below, or any questions you can think of, to interview a partner about the unit you have just completed. Then write a paragraph about the unit in your exercise book.

What did you enjoy about the unit? Why?

What language did you learn in the unit?

What will you do to improve your English?

What didn't you enjoy about the unit? Why?

How well did you do the project?



Read all about it!



1

The quiz looks interesting. It really gets you thinking about yourself and your friends.

2

Stories are my favourite, so I think I'll enjoy reading the Star Stories.

3

I really like the fantastic new section for ITC adverts. It's a great chance to buy a bargain!

5

My feeling is that the interviews will give me ideas on how to become famous.

6

I think it's really difficult writing stories, so I hope the magazine will give me some help.

4

I like different kinds of poems and I think the limericks will be fun to read.

7

In my opinion, Grade 9 students should be raising more money for charity, so I think I'll enter the competition with my friends.

New Grade 9 edition!
Special new features inside!

Letter from the Editor

Dear ITC members,

Welcome back to Club Corner. You'll notice that the Grade 9 issue of Club Corner has a new look and some bright new features inside!

We decided to make some changes after we read the letters from Grade 8 students. You asked for pictures of ITC members, so we put them on the front cover. We have included advertisements because you said you wanted a classifieds section. Now you can also do the new fun quiz feature and learn more about yourself and others.

Remember, it's a magazine written for ITC members by ITC members so send us your letters and e-mails with your comments and opinions.

Best wishes and happy reading!

The Editor

www.edcc.com



Thanks to everyone who sent in letters. Here are two letters about friends to start you thinking and don't forget to try the quiz and find out if you are a good friend!

Dear Editor,

Hi, I really enjoy reading about ITC members, but something happened to me recently that made me think about my friends.

5 Jenny was my best friend for three years and we used to do everything together. However, last month, Jenny made a new friend called Lucy. They met through the ITC.

Now, Jenny has changed. She always tells me 10 about her problems, but she never listens to mine. In fact, she's only nice to me when she wants something. She borrows my scarves, but I can't borrow hers! I told Jenny all of my secrets and then she told them to Lucy. In fact, 15 she only thinks about herself and it really isn't fun being with her anymore.

I don't think Jenny has been a good friend. What do you think?

Best wishes,

Rose Smith

A

Dear Editor,

Last summer, I went on the ITC football camp in the Middle East. It was great fun because I made a great new friend!

5 One day, I hurt myself while I was playing football and I had to rest in the tent for a couple of days. Zahran stayed with me. We talked and played board games so I didn't get bored. Zahran never thinks of himself, he always puts 10 his friends first. He has a lot of respect for them. Although we have different opinions on some things, he never expects me to agree with him.

Now, we send e-mails every day. His family has 15 asked me to visit, so I'm going to stay with them in the summer.

Thanks to the ITC, I have a brilliant new friend!

Basim Basit

B

Are you a good friend?

- You told your best friend a secret and they told someone else. What would you do?
 - Stop being friends.
 - Tell your friend why you are upset.
 - Never tell your friend secrets again.
- Your best friend forgot to bring their English book to school. What would you do?
 - Share your English book.
 - Tell the teacher.
 - Tell your friend not to worry.
- You go out to the coffee shop with your friends. You don't eat much, but when the bill comes, your friends want you to pay the same as them. What do you do?
 - You don't worry about the money and you pay the same as your friends.
 - You get angry, but you don't say anything.
 - You tell them it's not fair and ask them to look at the bill again.
- You have spent a long time doing some difficult homework. Your friend hasn't started and asks for your help. What do you do?
 - Let your friend copy your work.
 - Offer to help your friend.
 - Give your work to your teacher so your friend can't copy it.
- Your friend wants to borrow your computer game, but you don't want to lend it to them. What would you say?
 - "Sorry, but I don't want to lend it to anyone."
 - "Buy your own computer game!"
 - "Yes, of course."

Add up your score and see if you are a good friend!

| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. |
|------|------|------|------|------|
| a. 1 | a. 3 | a. 3 | a. 1 | a. 2 |
| b. 3 | b. 1 | b. 1 | b. 3 | b. 1 |
| c. 2 | c. 2 | c. 2 | c. 2 | c. 3 |

By the end of the 20th century, more than 2,200 satellites were orbiting Earth. Many of them provide amazing views of Earth and help us understand more about conservation and our planet. Read about some of the latest dangers to our planet and think about what you can do to help!

Eye in the sky

Satellites help us know more about conservation on Earth. The photographs which satellites send help us monitor emergencies as they happen, keep track of floods, identify pollution in the water and find burning fires. They can show us how cities are growing and deserts are spreading.

Many of the photographs are evidence of the way people threaten our planet. They show rain forests disappearing by 130,000 square kilometres each year to farming and industry.

They show cities getting bigger and bigger and show how the increasing population puts pressure on resources. They show huge lakes getting smaller and smaller because of climate change and rivers drying up because of farming.

Satellite photographs provide evidence that we must all look after Earth.



a

Ozone

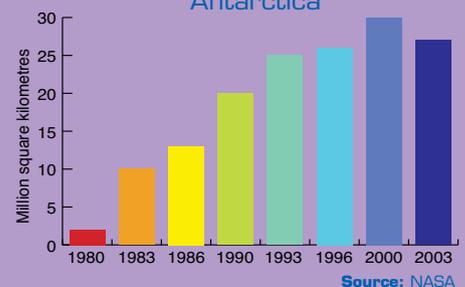
In July 2004, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) sent the Aura satellite into orbit to examine ozone, climate change and air quality. This fantastic satellite has already sent back detailed measurements of ozone levels and provided new photographs of the ozone hole over Antarctica. This satellite has helped us understand more about the ozone layer.

The ozone layer protects the Earth from the Sun's radiation and stops people getting skin cancer. The graph below shows that although the size of the ozone layer changes from year to year, it has got bigger since 1970 when records began.

Many scientists think the ozone layer is being destroyed by pollution from industry and chemicals. People can also help protect the ozone layer by using cars less often and using fewer air sprays in the home.



Size of ozone hole over Antarctica



b

12-15

You are honest with your friends and they can trust you. Your friends are important to you and you are a great friend.

9-11

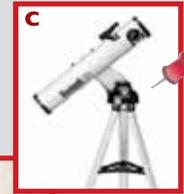
You try to be helpful to your friends, but you are not honest enough with them. You are quite a good friend, but you can be better!

5-8

You are not honest with your friends and you are not willing to make an effort for them. You are a bad friend.

CLASSIFIEDS

Have you got money to burn? Have you got something to sell? This is the chance for ITC members to buy and sell. Send in your advertisements for the next issue!



For sale

1. Excellent racing pigeons for sale. Strong skeletons, sharp wings and good chest fronts. Great for racing, only 1 rial each.
Contact 931111
2. New computer for sale. Unwanted gift – never used. 150 rials.
Contact 897622 weekdays only.
3. Second-hand bicycle for sale. Boy's bicycle with 61cm wheels. Suitable for 8 years and older. 5 rials.
Contact 544322
4. Various computer games for quick sale, 1 rial for 10 games.
Contact 312298 from 9am to 4pm daily. Not weekends.
5. Camera for sale. Excellent condition. 2 years old, rarely used. Includes bag and extra lenses. RO 80.
Contact 448221. Weekends only.
6. Telescope for sale. See the planets and stars for only 100 rials. Real reason for sale – moved to city.
Contact 546354 after 6pm.
7. Walkman. Good condition, 1998 model. Headphones and cassettes included. OR 3.
Contact 893451.
8. Various board games for sale. Good condition and bargain price. OR 10 for everything.
Contact 456477

Wanted

- a. I'm looking for a new free time activity to do with my friends. No garden, so it must be for inside the house. It must cost less than OR 12.
Contact 313233
- b. Looking for a computer. Should be good condition.
Contact 454545
- c. Help! I'm looking for free time ideas for the summer holidays. I like animals and I like being outside. Must be cheap, all suggestions welcome!
Contact 909009
- d. My family is going to Australia and I'm looking for entertainment on the flight. Want a small walkman or computer under 5 rials.
Contact 345082 weekdays only.
- e. Bicycle wanted for my 10 year old brother. Must be good condition.
Contact 339871
- f. Mad about space. Want to buy anything on the topic of space.
Contact 778866
- g. Going on holiday to Europe and I want to take photos. Must cost less than 100 rials.
Contact 560021
- h. Games, games, games. Second-hand games wanted by the best computer game shop in Ibri. All computer games considered.
Contact 211359 mornings and evenings.

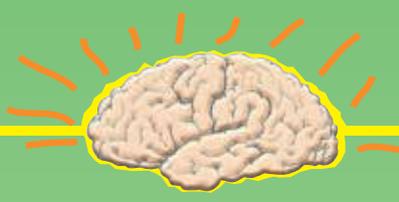
Go
competition
crazy!

Make money do good!

What do you do with 5 baiza coins? Do you have hundreds of coins weighing you down?

During the month of December, the ITC is collecting small coins for charity. Any currency and any value! All ITC members are invited to empty their pockets, purses and bags and take their small coins to ITC collection desks in their schools.

So don't let all of those small coins annoy you! Give them to the ITC where they can add up to a lot of money and do some good!



BRAIN BUSTERS

Read more poems and solve more puzzles sent in by ITC members!

Post a poem!

Read the limericks sent in by ITC members!

There once was a man from Japan,
Who kept all his yen in a pan,
Once he boiled up some rice,
Which tasted quite nice,
As only boiled rice and yen can.

Sent in by Yin

I once took a trip into space,
In a rocket which was a disgrace,
It landed too soon,
And I crashed on the moon,
It was a terrible trip into space.

Sent in by Chaz

Send in your poems to Brain Busters!

Sound maze

Follow the same sound from word to word with your finger and find how much money you win!

| | | | | | |
|-------------|------|-------|------|--------|---|
| /i:/ | sit | sheep | bit | live |  |
| /ɪ/ | seat | ship | beat | cash |  |
| /æ/ | bed | said | had | leave |  |
| /e/ | bad | sad | head | cheque |  |

Cosmic clues

Answer the following clues and find the word in the shaded squares.

1. It's furthest from the Sun.
2. A group of stars such as the Milky Way.
3. It's nearest to the Sun.
4. A large, round object which orbits a star.
5. A simple word for the universe.
6. Where we live.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1. | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. | | | | | | | | | |
| 3. | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. | | | | | | | | | |
| 5. | | | | | | | | | |
| 6. | | | | | | | | | |

What's on?

More exciting events for our Club Corner readers!

Yuri's Life

A talk by author K. Dowling about his latest book, a biography of Yuri Gagarin.

Every evening, for one week, starting November 6th.

Bookworm's Bookstore,
High Street,
Brighton

Talk starts 7pm

Men on Mars!

The best band playing the best music!

Listen to the popular sounds of new musicians from Wales.

Southport Hall

ONE NIGHT ONLY!

16th February
Doors open 7pm,
show starts at 9pm.

Teens Talk!

The popular TV show comes to Liptonville.

Come and join in with your own opinions about a variety of important issues.

Thursday 14th December
4-8pm

Central Museum

Winners Announced!

Reporter: Shenaz Saleem

The Grand Hotel, Muscat, was the setting for the first 'Writer's Write' competition, which was launched last year as part of Oman's Cultural Festival. The competition aims to encourage students to write poetry and stories and is the first of its kind in Oman.

Ahmed Ali, who is the event's manager, welcomed all 200 participants of the competition. In addition to the participants, guests representing the organisations that had sponsored the event were present at the awards ceremony.

Before he awarded the prizes, Ahmed Ali thanked all the students who had participated in the competition. He said, "All the stories and poems were of a high standard and show that writing in Oman has a bright future." He went on to thank all the organisations that had contributed so generously to supporting the competition.

The winners in the 'Young Writers' category, which was for 8 to 12 year olds, were:

Ali Hamed for Best Fictional Story, 'Trouble for Captain Perfect'



Raya Ibrahim with her certificate.

Raya Ibrahim for Best Factual Story, 'Teen Troubles'

Susan George for Best Poem, 'My Earth'

The winners in the 'Young Teen Writers' category, which was for 13 to 19 year olds, were:

Ahmed Hamza for Best Fictional Story, 'Caught!'

Najma Saleem for Best Factual Story, 'Don't Smoke!'

Salman Naseem for Best Poem, 'The Conservation Poem'



Ahmed Hamza with his certificate.

All winners in the above categories won OR 100 each, while Salman Naseem received an additional OR 500 as winner of The Golden Pen award. This was for the best author of the competition.

After watching the ceremony, we had the chance to interview Salman, who had the following to say:

"Congratulations Salman, how do you feel about winning The Golden Pen award?"

"I feel great thanks. I didn't believe that I could win until I heard my name being called out."

"Tell our readers a little bit about your poem."



Salman Naseem with The Golden Pen award.

"Well, I wrote it to remind people that we must look after everything on our planet. If we don't conserve the things we have, one day we'll have nothing for our children, or our children's children to enjoy."

"A very important message, but why a poem and not a story?"

"I really enjoy writing poems. Whenever I start writing, all I can think of is words that rhyme. That's why I like writing poetry."

"What will you do now that you have won the prize for best author?"

"Carry on writing. I think it's important to write, because to read is to write and to write is to read!"

"Thank you Salman, we wish you the best."

"Thank you."

Well, there you have it readers, wise words from a wise writer. If you wish to become a wise writer like Salman, maybe you could enter next year's competition. Who knows, maybe you could also be the winner of The Golden Pen award.



Aunt Aysha says, “Break that block!”



Dear Readers,

In Unit 2, we spent a lot of time thinking about writing and how to become a better writer. One of the biggest problems many writers have is called ‘writer’s block’. This is when a writer has problems thinking of ideas for their writing. Here are some creative ideas which some ITC members have sent in. You could try these ideas on your own, with a partner, or a group of others to help you get started on that perfect story. Remember – whichever ideas you choose, the most important thing is **to read is to write and to write is to read.**

Heading A

Get a friend to choose a photograph from a magazine or a newspaper. They should cut out the picture and give it to you to look at. They should not tell you which story the picture is about. If you know the story the picture is about, then get your friend to choose another picture for you.

When you have selected the picture, look at it and decide what the picture tells you. Ask yourself lots of ‘Wh-’ questions, such as **Who** is in the picture? **What** is happening? **Where** are they? etc. and brainstorm as many ideas as you can. Think about what happened **BEFORE** the picture was taken. Think about what happened **AFTER** the picture was taken. Use these ideas to help you write your story.

Abdul Hamza, Pakistan

Heading B

You have to work with five people to write different stories. Give everyone a piece of paper. On their piece of paper, people have to write two lines – **NOT** two sentences – of a story on their own. When they have written their two lines, they have to pass on their piece of paper to the person sitting next to them. You should now have a new piece of paper. Read what has been written and write two more lines to the story. Try to follow on with what has been written before. Again, when you have finished, pass on the piece of paper to the next person. Continue doing this until everyone has written on all the pieces of paper. Now read out all the stories.

John Field, UK

Heading C

Choose three or four characters from different stories you have read. Write a new story with all the characters in. For example, you may write about Dr. Do-a-lot and Intissar the inventive inventor making a new machine to help Dr. Do-a-lot speak to the animals **OR** Captain Perfect and Sherlock Holmes helping the characters from the ‘Riddle Mystery’ solve a new puzzle.

Maha Ali, Oman

Heading D

Choose any article from a newspaper or a magazine. The article should have about 100 words. Use the words in the article to write about any topic that you want to. You can choose only the words in the article. You can use the same words as many times as you want. You can write the words in any order you want. You may decide not to use all of the words in the article. You may find it helpful to cut up the words in the article and move them round on a piece of paper to help you brainstorm ideas.

Susan Kelly, Australia

Stars and Constellations

1. A short history lesson

When you look up at the night sky, you will see lots of stars. Many of these stars form patterns called constellations. In the past, people from different parts of the world looked at the constellations and saw pictures and made up stories about them. Many of these fictional stories became legends and fables which are still told today.

Over 1,500 years ago, the ancient Greeks and Romans told many stories about the stars. Many of these stories were told from person to person so many were not written down and lost. However, it was Arab astronomers from North Africa and Spain who wrote down many of the stories. This is one of the reasons why many of the names of stars come from the Arabic language, for example **Aldhanab** (the Tail) and **Altair** (the Bird).

2. Scorpio

The ancient people of the Pacific tell stories of the stars being born in a canoe. Scorpio was thought to be the tail of the canoe. This is not surprising, because canoes were very important in the Pacific islands. They were used to travel from island to island and for fishing.



3. Cancer

The constellation of Cancer was seen by the Ancient Greeks to be the shape of a crab. The Ancient Greeks told the story of a strong man called Hercules who was the strongest man on Earth. One day a woman called Hera, who had many special powers, was angry with Hercules. She sent a giant monster to fight Hercules. While he was fighting the monster, Hera also sent Cancer the crab to bite Hercules' foot so that the monster could win. However, Hercules stepped on the crab and crushed it. Hera was sad to see Cancer crushed and used her special powers to place it amongst the stars.



4. Orion

The Ancient Greeks used to tell stories about a great hunter called Orion. Orion thought he was very special and used to say he was the strongest person. This made the King very angry because people started to say that Orion was stronger than the King.

The King asked Orion to show how strong he was by getting rid of all the dangerous creatures. He thought that Orion wouldn't be strong enough to fight all of the creatures. However, Orion managed to kill all the creatures, which made the King even angrier.

Then the King thought that maybe something smaller could hurt Orion. This time the King sent a small scorpion. The scorpion stung Orion and killed him. Orion then became the stars in the constellation of Orion, while the scorpion became the constellation of Scorpio.



Club Corner Interviews

Dear Readers,

Here are parts of interviews we carried out with some famous ITC members. We hope what they have to say will encourage you to do your best and become a famous teen yourself. We hope you enjoy reading what they have to say. Happy reading!

A



Interviewer: Hello Hamza. Thanks for giving us your time.

Hamza: You're welcome.

Interviewer: Could I start by asking you to tell us about your latest **project**?

Hamza: Sure. We've just raised over a thousand rials for the Red Crescent.

Interviewer: That's a lot of money to raise. What did you raise it for?

Hamza: At school we read about there being famine **victims** in so many parts of the world, so we decided to do something about it.

Interviewer: That's a good idea. What did you do to raise money?

Hamza: Well ...

B



Interviewer: Thanks for talking to us Lucy. How are you?

Lucy: I'm fine thanks.

Interviewer: Now Lucy you've just become very **famous**. Could you tell us why?

Lucy: You're making me feel **shy**. I wouldn't say that I'm famous yet.

Interviewer: Come on Lucy, there's no need to be shy with us! We're all interested to hear what you have to say.

Lucy: OK then. I've just won a million pounds.

Interviewer: Wow, how did you do that?

Lucy: Well ...

C



Interviewer: So Meena, you've become quite a **celebrity** in Manchester lately.

Meena: Well, I suppose so.

Interviewer: Do you mind telling us about it?

Meena: Well, the idea started when we watched a movie all about football. We liked it so much that we decided to form our own girls' football team.

Interviewer: Football? You're interested in football?

Meena: Oh yes. I really enjoy watching my favourite team play every week.

Interviewer: Don't you think it's **strange** for girls to play football?

Meena: No, girls can do anything!

Interviewer: So how did you become interested in football?

Meena: Well ...

Book Quiz !

Welcome to the Book Quiz. The information below has been taken from Units 1–4 of the Classbook. Read the information. Then listen to the tape and find the answers to the five questions in the information. Write only short answers in your exercise book.

A

How's it going? I'm Mustafa and I'm from Oman. I live in Sur with my family. My sister's name is Najma and my friend's name is Zakaria. He's a bit older than me. He lives in Ibra with his family. What's your friend's name?

B

angry beautiful clever
friendly handsome
intelligent jealous kind
long moody nice pale
quiet rude scruffy short
tidy ugly unhappy

C

2. Taha Hussein was born in Al-Minya province, **which** is in Upper Egypt, on October 28th ,1898. When he was two years old he had an eye disease **which** made him blind. However, by the age of thirteen, Taha Hussein had memorised the Qur'an **which** won him a scholarship to university.

D

We looked at the terrible creature which was lying stretched before us. It was as large as a small lioness. Even now in the stillness of death, the huge jaws seemed to be dripping with a blue flame and the small, cruel eyes looked as though they were ringed with fire. I put my hand on the glowing muzzle and when I held them up my own fingers were shining in the darkness.

E

2. A **full stop** has many uses. For example:
- It is used at the end of a sentence to tell you that a sentence has finished.
 - It is used in abbreviations.
3. A **question mark** is used to show that a question is being asked.
4. An **exclamation mark** helps show a command and strong feelings like anger, and surprise.

F

1. **Copper axes, which were used in Mexico in the 16th century.**
2. **Kina pearl shells, which were used in Papua New Guinea well into the 20th century.**
3. **Tea, which was used in Russia, Tibet and China until the 1970s.**
4. **Salt, which was very valuable in ancient times because it could be used to preserve food.**
5. **Dog's teeth and whale's teeth, which were used as money in islands round the Pacific.**
6. **Wampum, which were beads made from clam shells and were used by the Native Americans until 1636.**

G

| | Distance from the Sun (million km) | Diameter (km) | Average temperature (°C) | Number of moons |
|---------|------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Mercury | 58 | 4,880 | 167 | 0 |
| Venus | 108 | 12,100 | 464 | 0 |
| Earth | 150 | 12,756 | 15 | 1 |
| Mars | 228 | 6,790 | -65 | 2 |
| Jupiter | 778 | 142,800 | -110 | 63 |
| Saturn | 1,427 | 120,000 | -140 | 46 |
| Uranus | 2,870 | 51,000 | -195 | 27 |
| Neptune | 4,497 | 48,400 | -200 | 13 |
| Pluto | 5,900 | 2,500 | -225 | 1 |

Get ready for 9A!

What topics are you going to study?

Which stories will you read?

Where do you hang out?

Is your writing right?

Does money make you happy?

Which planet has the most moons?

Look inside to
find out more ...

Have fun!